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TWO CENTS

SPAIN TOLD LEE STAYS.

President McKinlev Refuses to Recall Him.

SHARP NOES TO THE DONS.

Also Opposed Warships Carrying Aid to Cuba.

SAGASTA HAS NOT INSISTED.

The Principal Objection to Lee Apparently That He Sympathizes With the Poor Victim of Spain's Murderous Policy—A Report That the Consul General Holds the Opinion That the Maine Has Been Blown Up as the Result of a Treacherous Plot Advanced as a Reason—Also That He Advocated the Plan to Sell Cuba—His Failure to Have Captain Sigsbee Make Official Calls on the Officers Representing the Autonomous Government Offended the Spaniards, as Did a Dinner He Gave to the Maine's Officers, to Which Certain Spaniards Were Not Invited—Important Points on the Situation.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The Spanish situation developed two new phases when it became known that the Spanish government had formally requested the recall of Consul General Lee at his post at Havana to which request the United States had courteously but firmly refused to comply; also that the Spanish government has suggested the propriety of sending relief supplies to the Cuban reconcentrados on the cruiser Montgomery and gunboat Nashville, to which suggestion the United States had given a like answer in the negative.

The first intimation of these steps came in a brief and explicit cable dispatch from Madrid:

"MADRID, March 7.—Senor Gullon, Spanish minister of foreign affairs, recently intimated to United States Minister Woodford that the Spanish government desired the recall from Havana of Consul General Lee and that the American warships which have been designated to convey supplies to Cuba for the relief of the sufferers there should be replaced by merchant vessels in order to deprive the assistance sent to the reconcentrados of an official character.

"Mr. Woodford cabled the requests to the Washington government, which replied refusing to recall General Lee in the present circumstances or to countermand the orders for the dispatch of the war vessels, making the representation that the relief vessels are not fighting ships."

Prior to its receipt, however, the authorities here had been fully conversant with the facts, although no intimation had been allowed to get to the public on either subject. The disclosures from Madrid left no further ground for reticence in Washington and after a conference at the White House between the president, Assistant Secretary Day of the state department and Secretary Long of the navy department, the following authorized statement was given out by Judge Day, as comprising everything that was to be said by the administration on the subject.

"The president will not consider the recall of General Lee. He has borne himself throughout this crisis with judgment, fidelity and courage, to the president's entire satisfaction.

"As to the supplies for the relief of the Cuban people all arrangements have been made to carry a consignment this week from Key West by one of the naval vessels, whichever may be best adapted and most available for the purpose, to Matanzas and Sagua.

"Although the officials here are non-committal on the subject it is believed that the request for General Lee's recall was made at least a day or two ago, and that the Spanish government, after receiving the reply of the state department, has not insisted either upon Lee's recall or upon its contention that the relief supplies should not be sent to Cuba in naval vessels."

The request for General Lee's recall is understood to have come within the last few days, and doubtless since the last cabinet meeting on Friday, as no reference was made to it at that time.

The other suggestion of the Spanish government—that relief supplies should not be sent in war vessels—was presented by Senator Du Bose to the state department last Friday. The responses in both cases went direct to Minister Woodford. There was no loss of time, however, in assembling a special session of the cabinet, or even in any general conference between the president and his cabinet advisors individually. In the protest against the Montgomery and Nashville, Judge Day conferred with Secretary Long, who in turn called on Captain Crowinshield, chief of the bureau of navigation. There appears to be no reason why a change

should be made in the plan for sending these ships on the relief mission, and, without attaching grave significance to the request of the Spanish government, the answer was made that the plans for the trip were completed and that the stay of the ships would be brief and of the most pacific character.

In responding to the request for General Lee's recall, the president does not appear to have deemed the subject open to such discussion as would require the views of his cabinet associates, and after a brief exchange between the White House and the state department the negative answer was dispatched to Minister Woodford. One phase of the incident that tends to show the firm stand taken by the administration is the expedition with which the action was accomplished. Such a matter ordinarily is laid before the cabinet, the views of all its members personally given and the fullest opportunity afforded for discussion. But in this case the press bulletin furnished to some members of the cabinet the first information they had that General Lee's service was open to question. Before the cabinet meeting no hint or complaint of any kind relating to General Lee had been made.

The ground on which General Lee's recall was asked are not officially stated. It is known, however, that the Spanish government has chafed for some time over General Lee's presence in Havana, although this had never taken the form of a definite protest prior to the present time.

It began to assume a more serious aspect shortly after the arrival of the Maine at Havana. At that time General Lee escorted Captain Sigsbee on his round of official calls. These were made with due formality, but the Spanish officials took offense when the calls were restricted to General Blanco, Admiral Manterola and the representatives of the arm of Spain's service and did not include Premier Galvez and his associates of the autonomous cabinet, who represent the new civil regime which Spain is seeking to enforce. The matter came to the attention of Senor Dupuy De Lome, then Spanish minister at Washington, and although there were no protests, the situation doubtless reached the state department, as suitable amends were made by Captain Sigsbee calling on Dr. Congosto, the civil secretary general, Premier Galvez and his associates.

There was like irritation over a dinner given by Consul General Lee to the officers of the Maine. The list of guests on that occasion is said to have omitted some of the Spanish naval officers and to have included, quite conspicuously, the names of a number of American newspaper correspondents who were regarded by the Spanish officials at Havana as antagonistic to them. This also came to the attention of the officials here, but was not made the basis for any action, but rather of unofficial Spanish criticism of General Lee's general mode of procedure.

Within recent days it has been understood by officials here that the feeling against General Lee has been smoothed over, and the request for his recall was for that reason in the nature of a complete surprise. There are circumstances, however, which clearly disclose the grounds for the recall, although



GENERAL FITZ HUGH LEE.

it is not known that Spain has made any exact specification of complaint. Since the Maine disaster a report has been circulated that General Lee held the personal opinion that the explosion was due to external cause. No official report of this character was ever sent to Washington so far as is known. But the mere circulation of the report at Madrid attributing such views to General Lee has been the source of much feeling in Spanish official circles.

The press dispatches from Madrid also disclose that General Lee is held accountable at the Spanish capital for the project of the purchase of Cuba by the United States from Spain as well as for a general sentiment of sympathy toward the insurgents. The suggestion of The Imparcial, a leading government organ, that the next session of the cortes will consider the case of General Lee shows the strong influence which he induced the Sagasta cabinet to ask his recall. In this connection the fact is noted that Senor Dupuy De Lome is due in Spain at this time. His enforced retirement, on a demand by the United States, is felt to have awakened a counter sentiment at Madrid which finds expression against Consul General Lee. There is little doubt also that such a view as Senor Dupuy De Lome would give to the government or to the press in public in Madrid would not be conducive toward the retention of General Lee.

There is little doubt, however, that the main cause of Spain's action is the sympathies General Lee has shown for the Cuban sufferers.

It is known that his active and open sympathy with the people who have suffered so greatly during the present insurrection, American citizens as well as native Cubans, has not been accepted by the Spanish officials in Cuba as an exhibition of disinterested officialism, such as is expected of consular officers. There were complaints during General Weyler's administration of his conduct, but never in full official form. As a matter of fact, Spain required no formal excuse for the dismissal of a consular officer, according to international law.

These officers are not endowed usually with diplomatic privileges and they exist entirely by the sufferance of the nations to which they are sent. In their case it is not necessary nor usual to request their home governments to recall them. They live officially only through an exequatur granted by the government to which they are accredited, and this may be withdrawn at any moment. So Consul General Lee may be dismissed from his post at the pleasure of the Spanish government and this would not violate any section of international law. But he is in one respect unique, in that he is endowed with semi-diplomatic powers by the wish of our government and by the consent of the Spanish government.

The request of the Spanish government for his recall may therefore be regarded as tantamount to a demand for the recall of an objectionable minister—such for instance as was Senor Dupuy De Lome. There must be some substantial or satisfactory reason for such a demand in such cases, and as those presented against General Lee probably were confined to the acts he has so far performed with the full sanction and approval of President McKinley, the demand was not entertained, as is clearly shown in the formal statement given out by Assistant Secretary Day.

Under the circumstances the incident would close unless Spain took the decisive step of insisting on General Lee's recall, and, this failing, giving him his exequatur. This radical course is not expected, however, and all the indication reaching officials here is that Spain will not proceed further with the incident.

The action regarding the cruiser Montgomery and gunboat Nashville is looked upon by officials here as much less grave than that affecting General Lee. Secretary Long said that he did not regard the question as to what ships should carry the relief supplies as serious in any way, or as likely to present any perplexing issues.

The desire of the navy department, Mr. Long said, was merely to get the supplies to Cuba on the most available vessel. There were three of these now at Key West, the Montgomery, Nashville and Fern, alike available for the service, and one of these, Mr. Long said, would be designated for the trip.

The Fern is a dispatch boat, rather than an armed naval vessel and her availability for this mission had not previously been suggested. Her choice would probably remove all ground for objection, as she has none of the characteristics of a war vessel. Mr. Long said, however, that the only decision thus far reached was that one of the naval vessels—Montgomery, Nashville or Fern—should make the trip. As this is the first time public mention has been made of the Fern in connection with carrying the supplies, it might be inferred that she will make the trip.

The official orders, however, continue to stand as they were originally made, designating the Montgomery and Nashville, but these could be changed readily if the Fern was felt to best suit for the work. The naval officials have felt from the first that the Montgomery and Nashville were ill adapted for carrying supplies.

The Fern, not being so essentially a fighting machine, but more of the type of a yacht for the speedy conveyance of naval dispatches, has considerable more room for stowing supplies, both below and on deck. The Cuban relief committee counted on sending 75 tons to Key West, but this has now been increased to 100 tons. The plan has been to have the government ship start next Thursday for Cuba.

HAVANA'S WEAK DEFENSE.

Only a Few High Power Guns—People in Cuba Speculating on Our Line of Attack in Case of War—Spaniards Feel Secure.

HAVANA, via Key West, March 7.—As the conviction becomes settled that the court of inquiry will decide that there was a mine explosion under the Maine, discussion among naval officers and civilians here is prevalent as to the warlike measures which it is believed the United States government will adopt in case the question of the payment of an indemnity by Spain is overruled. A majority believe that American troops will be landed at some point east of Havana and the insurgents communicated with, that the Spanish soldiery will be defeated or captured in detail, and that in the meantime a fleet of United States vessels will blockade, if not bombard Havana. No one seems to doubt that the reduction of this city would be comparatively easy. Four 12-inch guns, two west and two east of the city, are the only ones that are considered dangerous. These are not likely to be well served, while their emplacements are not modern.

That some Spaniards are of opinion that an attack on Havana will be made

is believed to be shown by the abnormal activity displayed on board the Vizcaya. This correspondent has the best naval authority for the statement that the Vizcaya is in a constant state of readiness for emergencies and that picket boats are on the alert day and night inside the harbor and outside the harbor at night.

It is pointed out that the men-of-war Vizcaya and Almirante Oquindo, might be caught in a blockade and fall an easy prey to a United States fleet. The cruiser Alfonso XIII is without boilers and would be of no account.

Now that the Almirante Oquindo and the Vizcaya are lying in the harbor the Spaniards exultingly declare that the city is safe, and it is given out officially in the newspapers that the new arrival is of the same size, armament and complement as the Vizcaya.

VIOLENTLY ATTACK LEE.

The Papers of Madrid Show Ill Will Toward Him.

MADRID, March 7.—For several days the newspapers have been violently attacking Consul General Fitzhugh Lee.

The Imparcial, after remarking that "an American newspaper has insinuated that General Lee is a member of a syndicate desiring to purchase Cuba," says:

"His ill will toward Spain is so marked that even American newspapers inimical to Spain are remarking it."

The Imparcial calls upon the government to demand the replacing of Consul General Lee, "who, instead of tightening the bonds of friendship between Spain and the United States, daily renders the situation more threatening."

"It adds that the next session of the cortes will 'consider Consul Lee's conduct.'"

The Havana correspondent of The Imparcial says:

"Among the packages of food sent by the Americans to Cuba the customs officers found watches, jewelry and other contraband articles. All such parcels were consigned to Consul General Lee, who is said to have energetically protested against such contraband, declaring that it was without his knowledge."

The Spanish press, however, in no wise reproached United States Minister Woodford, whose conduct is irreproachable, and who seizes every opportunity to express pacific sentiments."

SPAIN HAS THE RIGHT.

General Sickles Says She Can Send General Lee Home.

NEW YORK, March 7.—General Daniel E. Sickles, who was minister of the United States to Spain from 1869 to 1874, during which period occurred the strained relations between that country and the United States over the Virginius affair said that Spain's request for the recall of Consul General Lee was perfectly proper according to international law. He had, when minister, the Spanish consul general at New York removed.

FATAL TENEMENT FIRE.

Two Persons Killed and Others Badly Hurt in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURG, March 7.—A tenement house at 614 Webster avenue burned early Sunday morning. These are the victims:

Mrs. Dominic Enriello, aged 30, wife of Dominic Enriello, fruit huckster; was separated from her husband in the smoke and suffocated while trying to raise a window; died in the patrol wagon.

Ethel Verlinski, aged 8 months, burned about hands, head and body; died.

Harry Levin, aged 16, burned about face, arms and shoulders; injuries severe and possibly fatal.

Lillie Levin, aged 6, burned about hands, feet and face; condition serious.

Max Verlinski, aged 22, burned about legs and head and fatally injured internally; claims he jumped with a baby from a third story window.

Jessie Verlinski, aged 22, his wife, burned about the neck, feet and face; was carried down a ladder; injuries serious.

Elizabeth Levin, aged 18, ankle broken by jumping from second-story window; also hurt internally; will recover.

Rita Levin, aged 8 years, thrown from second-story window; father missed it in the smoke; badly bruised.

The fire is thought to have caught in Levin's dining room.

Fierce Fight on the Street.

TEXARKANA, Ark., March 7.—A fierce street battle has occurred here. Five men were engaged in the desperate fight, one of whom was killed outright, another mortally wounded, the third seriously injured, while the other two are in hiding and the extent of their wounds is not known. All Italians.

BRUTAL MURDER IN PRISON.

Convict Kills His Wife While on a Visit to Him.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Adrian Braun, a convict in Sing Sing prison, serving a sentence for wifebeating, murdered his wife Saturday while she was visiting him in prison.

Braun received his wife cordially and the two had talked in a friendly manner for half an hour, when he suddenly drew a knife and stabbed her several times, the last thrust severing her wind pipe, and death resulted immediately.

BLOODY RIOT FEARED.

Half-Fed Spanish Soldiers May Break Loose.

NON-COMBATANTS ARE IN DANGER.

The Volunteers Fear They Will Be Disarmed and Are Much Disturbed—Regular Troops May Join Them, if There Is an Uprising.

HAVANA, via Key West, March 7.—Of the very keenest interest to Havana is the question of disbanding and disarming the volunteers. These soldiers, whom no one trusts, are in a state of great unrest. The colonels of three battalions have tried to see General Blanco on the subject, but he made excuses which they refused to accept or believe. Finally General Parado sent a letter saying that no government would dare disarm the volunteers, which was reinforced by a cable message to the same effect from Senor Moret, minister of the colonies at Madrid.

The volunteers, however, noting the strength of the radical wing of the Autonomists, and knowing that its members are hostile to the volunteers, are doubtful of all professions. The officers of the volunteers believe that the Sagasta cabinet is in favor of disbanding their corps no matter what is said to the contrary. The colonial government is anxious not only about the possible action of the volunteers, but as to what side the unpaid, badly-fed Spanish troops will take. As a result there is general disquiet, not visible to an observer, but very real for all that.

The danger apprehended is a demonstration against autonomy and General Blanco by the volunteers, whom it would be impossible to control when excited and reinforced by a mob from the slums and who might do incalculable damage to life and property and to the prospects of peace with the United States.

It is claimed also that the volunteers and the regular forces are most to be feared by non-combatants in an hour of defeat.

PROCTOR CHARGED.

Well Loaded With Facts For a Strong Speech on Cuba.

HAVANA, via Key West, March 7.—Senator Proctor is likely to make a speech in the senate on his return that will have great weight in determining the future policy of the United States. He is much affected by the suffering that he found in Matanzas and highly indignant at what he calls the "inhumanity of the course pursued." During a visit to Artemisa, this province, he saw thousands of reconcentrados who refused to beg, though starving. They were evidently of a class accustomed to make their living and unwilling to become paupers. He saw thousands of acres of the best tobacco and banana lands in the world reduced to waste, with trochas and garrisons at every village and crossroad. His driver, pointing to the mountains 15 miles away, says: "There are plenty of insurgent's camps there that the Spanish have never discovered."

The work of distribution of American relief under Miss Clara Barton, Mr. Elwell and the assistants is, in Senator Proctor's judgment, carefully and effectively carried on. The demand is far in excess of the supply. The supplies expected at Matanzas and Sagua la Grande, to be brought by American cruisers, will afford unspeakable relief.

HAVANA, via Key West, March 7.—The conduct of the Spanish divers who are investigating the wreck of the Maine is a mystery. Thus far they have not been down five hours in the aggregate and they show no disposition to make a thorough inquiry.

It is impossible to learn the truth fully regarding the purpose of the Spanish court of inquiry, but it is generally believed that the divers were sent down for form's sake only and that a report will be made in accordance with instructions from Madrid. It may be that the Spanish divers have discovered that the whole port side of the Maine forward is gone and, having so reported, further examination is deemed unnecessary. The work of our own divers henceforward is bound to be slow.

Correspondents in Prison.

HAVANA, March 7.—In addition to Henri Laine, the American correspondent, Vicente Pardo Suarez, editor of La Republica, and 11 others, have been arrested, making 13 in all. Eight are in cell 47 and five in cell 46 at Cabanas fortress.

Expected to Pass the House.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—It is probable that both the bill for the relief of the survivors and the victims of the Maine disaster and the senate bill creating two additional regiments of artillery, with which to man the coast defenses, will pass the house this week.

The Weather.

Fair and warmer; light southwesterly winds.

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The first intimation of these steps came in a brief and explicit cable dispatch from Madrid:

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"Mr. Woodford cabled the requests to the Washington government, which replied refusing to recall General Lee in the present circumstances or to countermand the orders for the dispatch of the war vessels, making the representation that the relief vessels are not fighting ships."

Prior to its receipt, however, the authorities here had been fully conversant with the facts, although no intimation had been allowed to get to the public on either subject. The disclosures from Madrid left no further ground for reticence in Washington and after a conference at the White House between the president, Assistant Secretary Day of the state department and Secretary Long of the navy department, the following authorized statement was given out by Judge Day, as comprising everything that was to be said by the administration on the subject.

"The president will not consider the recall of General Lee. He has borne himself throughout this crisis with judgment, fidelity and courage, to the president's entire satisfaction.

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"Although the officials here are non-committal on the subject it is believed that the request for General Lee's recall was made at least a day or two ago, and that the Spanish government, after receiving the reply of the state department, has not insisted either upon Lee's recall or upon its contention that the relief supplies should not be sent to Cuba in naval vessels."

The request for General Lee's recall is understood to have come within the last few days, and doubtless since the last cabinet meeting on Friday, as no reference was made to it at that time.

The other suggestion of the Spanish government—that relief supplies should not be sent in war vessels—was presented by Senor Du Bosc to the state department last Friday. The responses in both cases went direct to Minister Woodford. There was no loss of time, however, in assembling a special session of the cabinet, or even in any general conference between the president and his cabinet advisors individually. In the protest against the Montgomery and Nashville, Judge Day conferred with Secretary Long, who in turn called on Captain Croninshield, chief of the bureau of navigation. There appears to be no reason why a change

should be made in the plan for sending these ships on the relief mission, and, without attaching grave significance to the request of the Spanish government, the answer was made that the plans for the trip were completed and that the stay of the ships would be brief and of the most pacific character.

In responding to the request for General Lee's recall, the president does not appear to have deemed the subject open to such discussion as would require the views of his cabinet associates, and after a brief exchange between the White House and the state department the negative answer was dispatched to Minister Woodford. One phase of the incident that tends to show the firm stand taken by the administration is the expedition with which the action was accomplished. Such a matter ordinarily is laid before the cabinet, the views of all its members personally given and the fullest opportunity afforded for discussion. But in this case the press bulletin furnished to some members of the cabinet the first information they had that General Lee's service was open to question. Before the cabinet meeting no hint or complaint of any kind relating to General Lee had been made.

The ground on which General Lee's recall was asked are not officially stated. It is known, however, that the Spanish government has chafed for some time over General Lee's presence in Havana, although this had never taken the form of a definite protest prior to the present time.

It began to assume a more serious aspect shortly after the arrival of the Maine at Havana. At that time General Lee escorted Captain Sigsbee on his round of official calls. These were made with due formality, but the Spanish officials took offense when the calls were restricted to General Blanco, Admiral Manterola and the representatives of the arm of Spain's service and did not include Premier Galvez and his associates of the autonomous cabinet, who represent the new civil regime which Spain is seeking to enforce. The matter came to the attention of Senor Dupuy De Lome, then Spanish minister at Washington, and although there were no protests, the situation doubtless reached the state department, as suitable amends were made by Captain Sigsbee calling on Dr. Congosto, the civil secretary general, Premier Galvez and his associates.

There was like irritation over a dinner given by Consul General Lee to the officers of the Maine. The list of guests on that occasion is said to have omitted some of the Spanish naval officers and to have included, quite conspicuously, the names of a number of American newspaper correspondents who were regarded by the Spanish officials at Havana as antagonistic to them. This also came to the attention of the officials here, but was not made the basis for any action, but rather of unofficial Spanish criticism of General Lee's general mode of procedure.

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GENERAL FITZ HUGH LEE.

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There is little doubt, however, that the main cause of Spain's action is the sympathies General Lee has shown for the Cuban sufferers.

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The Fern is a dispatch boat, rather than an armed naval vessel and her availability for this mission had not previously been suggested. Her choice would probably remove all ground for objection, as she has none of the characteristics of a war vessel. Mr. Long said, however, that the only decision thus far reached was that one of the naval vessels—Montgomery, Nashville or Fern—should make the trip. As this is the first time public mention has been made of the Fern in connection with carrying the supplies, it might be inferred that she will make the trip.

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MADRID, March 7.—For several days the newspapers have been violently attacking Consul General Fitzhugh Lee.

The Imparcial, after remarking that "an American newspaper has insinuated that General Lee is a member of a syndicate desiring to purchase Cuba," says:

"His ill will toward Spain is so marked that even American newspapers inimical to Spain are remarking it."

The Imparcial calls upon the government to demand the replacing of Consul General Lee, "who, instead of tightening the bonds of friendship between Spain and the United States, daily renders the situation more threatening."

"It adds that the next session of the cortes will 'consider Consul Lee's conduct.'"

The Havana correspondent of The Imparcial says:

"Among the packages of food sent by the Americans to Cuba the customs officers found watches, jewelry and other contraband articles. All such parcels were consigned to Consul General Lee, who is said to have energetically protested against such contraband, declaring that it was without his knowledge."

The Spanish press, however, in no wise reproached United States Minister Woodford, whose conduct is irreproachable, and who seizes every opportunity to express pacific sentiments."

SPAIN HAS THE RIGHT.

General Sickles Says She Can Send General Lee Home.

NEW YORK, March 7.—General Daniel E. Sickles, who was minister of the United States to Spain from 1869 to 1874, during which period occurred the strained relations between that country and the United States over the Virginius affair said that Spain's request for the recall of Consul General Lee was perfectly proper according to international law. He had, when minister, the Spanish consul general at New York removed.

FATAL TENEMENT FIRE.

Two Persons Killed and Others Badly Hurt in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURG, March 7.—A tenement house at 614 Webster avenue burned early Sunday morning. These are the victims:

Mrs. Dominic Enriello, aged 30, wife of Dominic Enriello, fruit huckster; was separated from her husband in the smoke and suffocated while trying to raise a window; died in the patrol wagon.

Ethel Verlinski, aged 8 months, burned about hands, head and body; died.

Harry Levin, aged 16, burned about face, arms and shoulders; injuries severe and possibly fatal.

Lillie Levin, aged 6, burned about hands, feet and face; condition serious.

Max Verlinski, aged 22, burned about legs and head and fatally injured internally; claims he jumped with a baby from a third story window.

Jessie Verlinski, aged 22, his wife, burned about the neck, feet and face; was carried down a ladder; injuries serious.

Elizabeth Levin, aged 18, ankle broken by jumping from second-story window; also hurt internally; will recover.

Rita Levin, aged 8 years, thrown from second-story window; father missed it in the smoke; badly bruised.

The fire is thought to have caught in Levin's dining room.

Fierce Fight on the Street.

TEXARKANA, Ark., March 7.—A fierce street battle has occurred here. Five men were engaged in the desperate fight, one of whom was killed outright, another mortally wounded, the third seriously injured, while the other two are in hiding and the extent of their wounds is not known. All Italians.

BRUTAL MURDER IN PRISON.

Convict Kills His Wife While on a Visit to Him.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Adrian Braun, a convict in Sing Sing prison, serving a sentence for wifebeating, murdered his wife Saturday while she was visiting him in prison.

Braun received his wife cordially and the two had talked in a friendly manner for half an hour, when he suddenly drew a knife and stabbed her several times, the last thrust severing her wind pipe, and death resulted immediately.

BLOODY RIOT FEARED.

Half-Fed Spanish Soldiers May Break Loose.

NON-COMBATANTS ARE IN DANGER.

The Volunteers Fear They Will Be Disarmed and Are Much Disturbed—Regular Troops May Join Them, if There Is an Uprising.

HAVANA, via Key West, March 7.—Of the very keenest interest to Havana is the question of disbanding and disarming the volunteers. These soldiers, whom no one trusts, are in a state of great unrest. The colonels of three battalions have tried to see General Blanco on the subject, but he made excuses which they refused to accept or believe. Finally General Parado sent a letter saying that no government would dare disarm the volunteers, which was reinforced by a cable message to the same effect from Senor Moret, minister of the colonies at Madrid.

The volunteers, however, noting the strength of the radical wing of the Autonomists, and knowing that its members are hostile to the volunteers, are doubtful of all professions. The officers of the volunteers believe that the Sagasta cabinet is in favor of disbanding their corps no matter what is said to the contrary. The colonial government is anxious not only about the possible action of the volunteers, but as to what side the unpaid, badly-fed Spanish troops will take. As a result there is general disquiet, not visible to an observer, but very real for all that.

The danger apprehended is a demonstration against autonomy and General Blanco by the volunteers, whom it would be impossible to control when excited and reinforced by a mob from the slums and who might do incalculable damage to life and property and to the prospects of peace with the United States.

It is claimed also that the volunteers and the regular forces are most to be feared by non-combatants in an hour of defeat.

PROCTOR CHARGED.

Well Loaded With Facts For a Strong Speech on Cuba.

HAVANA, via Key West, March 7.—Senator Proctor is likely to make a speech in the senate on his return that will have great weight in determining the future policy of the United States. He is much affected by the suffering that he found in Matanzas and highly indignant at what he calls the "inhumanity of the course pursued." During a visit to Artemisa, this province, he saw thousands of reconcentrados who refused to beg, though starving. They were evidently of a class accustomed to make their living and unwilling to become paupers. He saw thousands of acres of the best tobacco and banana lands in the world reduced to waste, with trochas and garrisons at every village and crossroad. His driver, pointing to the mountains 15 miles away, says: "There are plenty of insurgent's camps there that the Spanish have never discovered."

The work of distribution of American relief under Miss Clara Barton, Mr. Elwell and the assistants is, in Senator Proctor's judgment, carefully and effectively carried on. The demand is far in excess of the supply. The supplies expected at Matanzas and Sagua la Grande, to be brought by American cruisers, will afford unspeakable relief.

HAVANA, via Key West, March 7.—The conduct of the Spanish divers who are investigating the wreck of the Maine is a mystery. Thus far they have not been down five hours in the aggregate and they show no disposition to make a thorough inquiry.

It is impossible to learn the truth fully regarding the purpose of the Spanish court of inquiry, but it is generally believed that the divers were sent down for form's sake only and that a report will be made in accordance with instructions from Madrid. It may be that the Spanish divers have discovered that the whole port side of the Maine forward is gone and, having so reported, further examination is deemed unnecessary. The work of our own divers henceforward is bound to be slow.

Correspondents in Prison.

HAVANA, March 7.—In addition to Henri Laine, the American correspondent, Vicente Pardo Suarez, editor of La Republica, and 11 others, have been arrested, making 13 in all. Eight are in cell 47 and five in cell 46 at Cabanas fortress.

Expected to Pass the House.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—It is probable that both the bill for the relief of the survivors and the victims of the Maine disaster and the senate bill creating two additional regiments of artillery, with which to man the coast defenses, will pass the house this week.

The Weather.

Fair and warmer; light southwesterly winds.

Three Go, Quickly Bargains

Men's Tan Shoes, some calf lined and worth \$4 and \$5, price now

\$3.40

Ladies Tan and Green shoes, lace and button, coin toes and worth \$2.50 yours

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Children's and Misses shoes, tans, black, lace or button, 5 to 8, 59c, 8½ to 11, 69c, 11½ to 2

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Probable Work of Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The senate will, in all probability, begin the week with the consideration of the bill making appropriations for the District of Columbia, and when this is completed will take up the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. The Hawaiian annexation treaty may be considered.

Editing by the Golden Rule.

A country editor puts the old question in new shape and says to his subscribers: "Brother, don't stop your paper just because you don't agree with the editor. The last cabbage you sent us didn't agree with us either, but we didn't drop you from our subscription list on that account."—Gordon (Neb.)

The Star BargainStore New Dress Goods



OUR STOCK of new dress goods for coming season is now complete in Black,

and in the Latest Coloring and Fabrics, in Plain and Novelties, in Poplins, Serges, Plaids and Zig Zags, prices ranging from 10c up to \$1.49 a yard. We cordially request you to come and see our line and prices. We also have a full line of all kinds of trimmings which you can, buy from us at a great deal less than elsewhere.

We have received this week

A Big Line of New Skirts, New Ladies' Suits, New Silk Waists in Tafettas, Plaids and Checks, in the latest style made.

We can save you money on the above.

We have just received a large consignment of

Lace Curtains, in the Latest Designs, from 27½c up to \$6 a pair.

Please call and see whether you want to buy or not?

STAR BARGAIN STORE,

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Probable Work of Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The senate will, in all probability, begin the week with the consideration of the bill making appropriations for the District of Columbia, and when this is completed will take up the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. The Hawaiian annexation treaty may be considered.

Editing by the Golden Rule.

A country editor puts the old question in new shape and says to his subscribers: "Brother, don't stop your paper just because you don't agree with the editor. The last cabbage you sent us didn't agree with us either, but we didn't drop you from our subscription list on that account."—Gordon (Neb.)

The Star BargainStore New Dress Goods

OUR STOCK of new dress goods for coming season is now complete in Black,

and in the Latest Coloring and Fabrics, in Plain and Novelties, in Poplins, Serges, Plaids and Zig Zags, prices ranging from 10c up to \$1.49 a yard. We cordially request you to come and see our line and prices. We also have a full line of all kinds of trimmings which you can, buy from us at a great deal less than elsewhere.

We have received this week

A Big Line of New Skirts, New Ladies' Suits, New Silk Waists in Tafettas, Plaids and Checks, in the latest style made. We can save you money on the above.

We have just received a large consignment of

Lace Curtains, in the Latest Designs, from 27½c up to \$6 a pair. Please call and see whether you want to buy or not?

STAR BARGAIN STORE,

138 and 140 Fifth Street,

TALKED TO YOUNG MEN

Doctor Hurlburt Spoke of Character Building.

IT IS GOING ON ALL THE TIME

The Law of the Ideal, the Law of Action and the Law of Loyalty Given as the Principles on Which to Rear a Strong Structure—in the Churches.

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The gentleman began by recalling from *Paradise Lost* the story of the old Greek who built a house and called in a famous artist to beautify it. The artist, it seems, was too much occupied to devote any time to this customer, but he would hear no word of refusal. Taking him into the house he locked the door, and after showing to the protesting artist just what he wanted the Greek informed him he was there and would stay until the work was done. As there was no alternative the decorator quietly submitted.

"The fact is this," continued the speaker, "every young man here today has a building, and it must be decorated. He is not asked. The materials are at hand, and he can beautify it or make it a sorrow to himself and his friends. He must live in it forever and ever, for it is the house of character he will decorate. Into it every thought and feeling goes, and he builds according to his own sweet will. He may be sorry after awhile, he may not like his handiwork, but it is for weal or woe, for life and death. Every thought, every passion, every truth, every lie, every love, every temptation go to make the real man.

"There are three principles on which the man should build. The first I have named the law of ideal. Before an architect plans a building he has an ideal, and before a preacher prepares a sermon he has an idea of what he wants. Every man has an ideal. We live two lives, the life we live and the ideal, the dream of ourselves. We never do that which is wrong in the real life without that which is right in the ideal coming to rebuke us. There never was a noble deed without the thought of one that was nobler. Have a noble conception, young man, of what you would be.

"Some would like, perhaps, to follow that Boston gentleman, John L. Sullivan, others would seek riches. Longfellow said, 'Live up to the best that is in you.' Let that rise before you ever, and live to it.

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"The last is the law of loyalty. Every man to succeed must have a pattern, and there was but one perfect man. God sent him. There are people who do not think much of Christians, but they honor the pure, noble character displayed in Jesus Christ. Keep him ever in your mind's eye. Surrender yourself to him. There can be no faith in Christ unless you put yourself in his hands, saying: 'This is my model, this my master.' The man who does that is the man who builds his home so it will stand perfect and beautiful throughout all eternity. He is strong who walks in the faith of Christ. He it is who triumphs, for he climbs the heights of heaven, and sits down on a conqueror's throne, because he has lived loyal to his ideal—Jesus."

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to talk about bigger or better bargains than we make; they can't be made. We guarantee that every buyer shall find our goods better, and at lower prices than can be made, or are made, elsewhere. Come and see the goods and settle the question that our store is the CHEAPEST and BEST PLACE TO TRADE.

J. R. Warner & Co.

IN THE DIAMOND.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
(Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.)
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., MONDAY, MARCH 7.



THE legislature rested on Friday and Saturday, and so did the people.

THE Republican party can go before the people next fall with a clean record. The promises of the presidential campaign are being carried out.

It can easily be seen that many East Liverpool people have taken up their abode in East Palestine. The town is just now hearing the demands of 22 persons who want to be mayor.

IF East Liverpool can afford the expenditure, there should be no serious opposition to the proposition to improve the unpaved streets which lead from the center of the city. It will be an investment the city will never have cause to regret.

WHEN President McKinley informs Spain that General Lee will stay in Havana, the president takes that course with the knowledge that he will not only be supported by congress, but by all the patriotic people of this country. The nation likes that sort of talk.

MR. BRYAN has been keeping very quiet since the war news began to come from Cuba, yet it will be remembered that the loudest advocate of war was the only New York newspaper of importance to support the wily Billy for the presidency. Strange they do not now agree.

ANOTHER week in the life of the general assembly begins with today, and, if some of the promises made last week are carried out, Ohio will again be brought to realize that the introduction of freak bills and the imposing upon the public of senseless hobbies make up the prevailing fashions in legislative circles.

THE most important municipal officers are to be filled at the spring election, but the presence of so many Republicans in the city makes the primaries one week from next Saturday the real selecting power if the Republicans nominate those candidates who can be depended upon to do their duty. Otherwise there is danger of the people refusing to support the ticket as nominated.

READY TO FIGHT.

Should the board of inquiry, at present investigating the causes which led to the destruction of the Maine, find the Spanish guilty of treachery, we are prepared to demand reparation and back that demand with a sufficient force of the implements of war to bring Spain quickly to time. A strong fleet has been gathered within a short distance of Havana, every city of importance on the Atlantic coast has been prepared to resist attack, arms and ammunition have been well distributed, and there has been a thorough investigation of the condition of the army and the National Guard. Another fleet has been collected near the Philippine islands, and our vessels in European waters could soon place the stars and stripes over the battlements of Spain's richest seacoast cities.

Thus is the wisdom of President McKinley's policy shown. While not at all certain that Spain is responsible for the explosion in Havana harbor, he has acted upon the general reputation of the Spaniard and prepared for the worst. While the yellow kid journals have worked themselves into frenzy, the president has said nothing, but his officers have been hard at work. Today we could force Spain to its knees. Three weeks ago it would have been folly to demand anything. William McKinley is not disappointing the people who made him president.

The News Review for news.

WELLSVILLE.

CRUSHED HIM TO DEATH

Horrible End of Jacob Thorn at the Rolling Mill.

WHILE DOING ANOTHER'S WORK

His Head Was Caught Between the Shears and a Temporary Stand, and Before He Knew It He Was Fatally Injured—All the News of Wellsville.

Jacob Thorn, aged 21, was killed at the rolling mill this morning. The body was removed to McLean's undertaking establishment. No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

Thorn was working for Richard McSweeney at the shears in place of a man who had been called away. He was catching what is known as scrap at the back of the shears, and had placed a stand nearby to help him in the work. In some manner his head became caught between the back of the shears and the stand, and was crushed to a pulp. Doctor Parke was called, but before he could reach the mill Thorn was dead.

The unfortunate young man is the son of John Thorn, of Commerce street, and in addition to his parents leaves four brothers and two sisters. A year ago his brother, Joseph, was killed on the sidetrack at the mill.

Ministers Are Determined.

Reverends Salmon, Swift, Greene, Reed, Carson and Taggart, of Liverpool, and Reverends Stephenson, Miller, Gamertsfelder, McKee, Reager and Lowry, of Wellsville, attended the meeting of the Ministerial association at the First Presbyterian church today.

It was decided that if whisky men were put up as candidates on either of the old party tickets a full temperance ticket would be named.

Doctor Reager was asked to address the association on "Social and Political Purity" when the next meeting is held in Liverpool, two weeks from today.

The News of Wellsville.

The Endeavors of the U. P. church met with the Presbyterians last evening to hear an address by H. H. McQuilken. The address was scholarly, and was heard with close attention. Mr. McQuilken returned to Allegheny seminary today.

Doctor Ewing spoke eloquently on missions at the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning. A large collection for missions was taken.

A well known young man of Lisbon came to town the other day, and becoming entangled with two young women soon missed \$30. Officer Johnson helped him hunt for it, but it could not be found. The next day the young women went shopping.

Mrs. George Lawson, who has been ill with nervous prostration, has so far recovered that she goes today for a visit with relatives in Wheeling.

B. S. Lowry joined his wife, who is visiting in Steubenville, for a Sunday visit and returned today.

Mrs. A. P. Dennis will entertain her friends this evening.

Mrs. Hoffman, mother of Mrs. John Pacey, of Tenth street, died at the home of her daughter Saturday evening at 10 o'clock. The body will be taken to Atwater for interment.

The Athletic association will hold another meeting in council chamber tomorrow evening. The names of over 150 prospective members have been received, and the meeting will be one at

SORE MOUTH.

This is an extremely painful disease, often lasting for weeks when only the ordinary remedies are used. Those who have suffered from Sore Mouth can best understand the value of a remedy by the use of which the worst case of Sore Mouth is

INSTANTLY RELIEVED.

This is just what Tonsiline, that wonderful Sore Throat remedy, does. Not only does the first dose give relief, but again a very few doses are given the worst Sore Mouth is

CURED.

Read what a well-known citizen of East Palestine, O., says about Tonsiline:

EAST PALESTINE, O., JAN. 8, 1896.
The Tonsiline Co.
During the past 13 years I have frequently suffered from a very severe and painful form of Ulcerated Sore Mouth. Tonsiline is the only remedy I have ever found that is a sure and quick cure for this most distressing ailment.
Tonsiline works like magic, relieving at once, and curing very quickly. I have also used Tonsiline in my family for Croup and Sore Throat and can freely commend it as a needed family remedy.

G. H. ALLCOCK.

25 and 50 Cents, at all Druggists.

THE TONSLINE CO., CANTON, O.

which all arrangements for organization will be made.

A company from Irondale arrived on the noon train, and proceeded to the Christian church where 13 of the number were emersed. They left on the afternoon train.

GIVEN ANOTHER TRIAL.

The Costello Boys Were Allowed to Come Home.

LISBON, Mar. 7.—[Special]—Theodore Lightner, of Leetonia, was taken to the penitentiary, this morning, by Sheriff Gill. He will serve two years for burglary.

Sherman Ketchum, of Lisbon, is now in the Canton workhouse, serving a sentence of 30 days for breaking into a dwelling house. He was taken today. Pat and Willie Costello, aged 13 and 9 years, who were brought here from Liverpool, were heard in probate court today. Patrick was sentenced to the Industrial school and Will to Fairmount home. The sentence was suspended and they were allowed to go home on probation.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

THE DEAL IS OFF.

But That Wellsville Pottery Is to Be Built.

Parties in this city were notified Saturday afternoon that the Pittsburg parties interested in the Wellsville Porcelain company had decided to drop the project.

That fact, however, does not kill the plan. A number of Liverpool men are interested, and a meeting was held with the Wellsville board of trade this afternoon.

PASSED THE HOUSE.

Those Two Additional Regiments of Artillery Assured.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—[Special]—The Hawley bill, providing for the addition to the army of two regiments of artillery, passed the house today without division.

TOOK IT BACK.

Spain Says General Lee Can Stay in Havana.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—[Special]—It is authoritatively announced here this morning that Spain has withdrawn its request for the recall of Consul General Lee from Havana.

Twaddle Is Not Free.

Timothy Twaddle has not yet signed a contract with the Auburn team, and is holding out for an increase in salary.

Twaddle could secure another engagement at more money, but his manager will not release him for less than \$150.

Surprised T. O. Timmons.

T. O. Timmons, of 364 Lincoln avenue, was agreeably surprised when he went home, Saturday evening, to find about 40 guests assembled there. It was his sixty-fourth birthday.

Miss Patterson Improving.

The report that Miss Eva Patterson had died at her home near Lisbon is untrue, and her many friends in this city will be pleased to know that she is slowly recovering.

Only One Case.

Nora Douglass has commenced a forcible detention action against Ned Hughes in the court of Squire Hill. The case will be heard tomorrow.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."
—James R. Hill was a Pittsburg visitor today.

—Will Sebring, of East Palestine, spent Sunday in the city.

—Frank Dickey was in Pittsburg today on private business.

—J. E. McDonald was in New Cumberland, today, on private business.

—Miss Laura Rowe, of East Palestine, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Logan.

—Edward Owen left Saturday night on the Virginia for Gallipolis. He will visit relatives.

—J. E. Farrel returned to the city this morning, after spending Sunday with his wife in Pittsburg.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Simms, of Steubenville, were in the city yesterday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Simms, Second street.

—Rev. J. C. M. Ewing, D. D., of Indiana, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Moore, of Pennsylvania avenue, left this morning for Wooster.

G. BENEHEIM,

SUCCESSOR TO

G. Bendheim & Co.

WHILE the proprietor of the new firm is not a stranger in this city, we are practically a new firm, and as such, make our bow to our friends and patrons, thanking them all for past favors and hoping for a continuance of the same.

We have purchased the entire stock of G. Bendheim & Co., and as we also bought a great many shoes for spring we are compelled to sacrifice a part of our present stock in order to have sufficient room for the one that is coming.

The shoes we will offer during this room-making process will be High Grade ones only, but prices will reign that would buy only cheap goods elsewhere.

We solicit your coming.

G. BENDHEIM.

P. S.—Advance Spring Styles in men's, women's and children's shoes are being shown in connection with this sale.

15 DAYS SAVE THE AGENT'S PROFIT. 15 DAYS

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE

WALL PAPER—WALL PAPER

BEGINNING MARCH 5, I will offer at a discount of 10 to 20 per cent on our new up-to-date patterns 1898.

10 per cent off on new papers from 10c to 15c
12 " " " " " " " " 15c.

A good time to select your paper now and save the agents profit. We have more than 40,000 bolts for 1898.

Two large warehouses full up. Good wall paper at 2c, 3c, 4c & 5c. Good parlor paper at 7c, 8c, 9c and 10c. Odd stock at almost any price. Odd bolts 1c each.

Some of the Advantages We Offer Customers:

1. The lowest price in town. 2. The largest and most complete stock. 3. More than 500 patterns and colorings to select from. 4. All paper trimmed free. 5. Single bolts and border taken back. 6. Will hang all our paper at 10c a bolt. 7. Street car fare paid from East End, West End and Wellsville to this greatest of wall paper sales.

IN THE KINSEY'S E. LIVERPOOL, DIAMOND, OHIO.

Don't buy until you have seen our complete line of 1898 papers and prices. We handle all the fine papers, as ingrain, silks and pressed papers. Everybody invited to this great sale. Mixed paints, warranted, in cans at 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c.

NO MORE DISORDER.

Will Be Tolerated at the First Presbyterian Church.

Doctor Lee last night at the First Presbyterian church announced that disorder would not be tolerated. Kindly but firmly he said that legal measures would be taken to prevent the reprehensible practice, and he would not speak of the matter again. The disorder has been confined to some young people in the rear of the church.

Doctor Lee has had a police officer in the church for some time with the intention of having the guilty parties removed from the building.

In Society.

Mr. Heber H. Blythe pleasantly entertained 48 of her lady friends Saturday afternoon from 2 until 5 o'clock. A dainty lunch was served at 2:30 o'clock. The hostess was assisted by her sisters, Mrs. George Thomas and Mrs. Fred Timmons, and Mrs. Jason H. Brookes, Miss Louise Hill and Mrs. R. L. Andrews. The favors were won by Mrs. George C. Murphy, Miss Maria Anderson, Miss Anna Myers and Mrs. J. M. Manor. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. Will Stevenson and Miss Florence Everson, of Wellsville.

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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., MONDAY, MARCH 7.



The legislature rested on Friday and Saturday, and so did the people.

The Republican party can go before the people next fall with a clean record. The promises of the presidential campaign are being carried out.

It can easily be seen that many East Liverpool people have taken up their abode in East Palestine. The town is just now hearing the demands of 22 persons who want to be mayor.

If East Liverpool can afford the expenditure, there should be no serious opposition to the proposition to improve the unpaved streets which lead from the center of the city. It will be an investment the city will never have cause to regret.

When President McKinley informs Spain that General Lee will stay in Havana, the president takes that course with the knowledge that he will not only be supported by congress, but by all the patriotic people of this country. The nation likes that sort of talk.

MR. BRYAN has been keeping very quiet since the war news began to come from Cuba, yet it will be remembered that the loudest advocate of war was the only New York newspaper of importance to support the wily Billy for the presidency. Strange they do not now agree.

ANOTHER week in the life of the general assembly begins with today, and, if some of the promises made last week are carried out, Ohio will again be brought to realize that the introduction of freak bills and the imposing upon the public of senseless hobbies make up the prevailing fashions in legislative circles.

THE most important municipal offices are to be filled at the spring election, but the presence of so many Republicans in the city makes the primaries one week from next Saturday the real selecting power if the Republicans nominate those candidates who can be depended upon to do their duty. Otherwise there is danger of the people refusing to support the ticket as nominated.

READY TO FIGHT.

Should the board of inquiry, at present investigating the causes which led to the destruction of the Maine, find the Spanish guilty of treachery, we are prepared to demand reparation and back that demand with a sufficient force of the implements of war to bring Spain quickly to time. A strong fleet has been gathered within a short distance of Havana, every city of importance on the Atlantic coast has been prepared to resist attack, arms and ammunition have been well distributed, and there has been a thorough investigation of the condition of the army and the National Guard. Another fleet has been collected near the Philippine islands, and our vessels in European waters could soon place the stars and stripes over the battlements of Spain's richest seacoast cities.

This is the wisdom of President McKinley's policy shown. While not at all certain that Spain is responsible for the explosion in Havana harbor, he has acted upon the general reputation of the Spaniard and prepared for the worst. While the yellow kid journals have worked themselves into frenzy, the president has said nothing, but his officers have been hard at work. Today we could force Spain to its knees. Three weeks ago it would have been folly to demand anything. William McKinley is not disappointing the people who made him president.

The News Review for news.

WELLSVILLE.

CRUSHED HIM TO DEATH

Horrible End of Jacob Thorn at the Rolling Mill.

WHILE DOING ANOTHER'S WORK

His Head Was Caught Between the Shears and a Temporary Stand, and Before He Knew It He Was Fatally Injured—All the News of Wellsville.

Jacob Thorn, aged 21, was killed at the rolling mill this morning. The body was removed to McLean's undertaking establishment. No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

Thorn was working for Richard McSweeney at the shears in place of a man who had been called away. He was catching what is known as scrap at the back of the shears, and had placed a stand nearby to help him in the work. In some manner his head became caught between the back of the shears and the stand, and was crushed to a pulp. Doctor Parke was called, but before he could reach the mill Thorn was dead.

The unfortunate young man is the son of John Thorn, of Commerce street, and in addition to his parents leaves four brothers and two sisters. A year ago his brother, Joseph, was killed on the sidetrack at the mill.

Ministers Are Determined.

Reverends Salmon, Swift, Greene, Reed, Carson and Taggart, of Liverpool, and Reverends Stephenson, Miller, Gamertsfelder, McKee, Reager and Lowry, of Wellsville, attended the meeting of the Ministerial association at the First Presbyterian church today.

It was decided that if whisky men were put up as candidates on either of the old party tickets a full temperance ticket would be named.

Doctor Reager was asked to address the association on "Social and Political Purity" when the next meeting is held in Liverpool, two weeks from today.

The News of Wellsville.

The Endeavorers of the U. P. church met with the Presbyterians last evening to hear an address by H. H. McQuiken. The address was scholarly, and was heard with close attention. Mr. McQuiken returned to Allegheny seminary today.

Doctor Ewing spoke eloquently on missions at the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning. A large collection for missions was taken.

A well known young man of Lisbon came to town the other day, and becoming entangled with two young women soon missed \$30. Officer Johnson helped him hunt for it, but it could not be found. The next day the young women went shopping.

Mrs. George Lawson, who has been ill with nervous prostration, has so far recovered that she goes today for a visit with relatives in Wheeling.

B. S. Lowry joined his wife, who is visiting in Steubenville, for a Sunday visit and returned today.

Mrs. A. P. Dennis will entertain her friends this evening.

Mrs. Hoffman, mother of Mrs. John Paocy, of Tenth street, died at the home of her daughter Saturday evening at 10 o'clock. The body will be taken to Atwater for interment.

The Athletic association will hold another meeting in council chamber tomorrow evening. The names of over 150 prospective members have been received, and the meeting will be one at

SORE MOUTH.

This is an extremely painful disease, often lasting for weeks when only the ordinary remedies are used. Those who have suffered from Sore Mouth can best understand the value of a remedy by the use of which the worst case of Sore Mouth is

INSTANTLY RELIEVED.

This is just what Tonsiline, that wonderful Sore Throat remedy, does. Not only does the first dose give relief, but again a very few doses are given the worst Sore Mouth is

CURED.

Read what a well-known citizen of East Palestine, O., says about Tonsiline:

EAST PALESTINE, O., Jan. 8, 1896.

The Tonsiline Co.
During the past 13 years I have frequently suffered from a very severe and painful form of Ulcerated Sore Mouth. Tonsiline is the only remedy I have ever found that is a sure and quick cure for this most distressing ailment.

Tonsiline works like magic, relieving at once, and curing very quickly. I have also used Tonsiline in my family for Croup and Sore Throat and can freely commend it as a wonderful family remedy.

G. H. ALLCOCK.

25 and 50 Cents, at all Druggists.

THE TONSLINE CO. - CANTON, O.

which all arrangements for organization will be made.

A company from Irondale arrived on the noon train, and proceeded to the Christian church where 13 of the number were emersed. They left on the afternoon train.

GIVEN ANOTHER TRIAL.

The Costello Boys Were Allowed to Come Home.

LISBON, Mar. 7.—[Special]—Theodore Lightner, of Leetonia, was taken to the penitentiary, this morning, by Sheriff Gill. He will serve two years for burglary.

Sherman Ketchum, of Lisbon, is now in the Canton workhouse, serving a sentence of 30 days for breaking into a dwelling house. He was taken today.

Pat and Willie Costello, aged 12 and 9 years, who were brought here from Liverpool, were heard in probate court today. Patrick was sentenced to the Industrial school and Will to Fairmount home. The sentence was suspended and they were allowed to go home on probation.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

THE DEAL IS OFF,

But That Wellsville Pottery Is to Be Built.

Parties in this city were notified Saturday afternoon that the Pittsburg parties interested in the Wellsville Porcelain company had decided to drop the project.

That fact, however, does not kill the plan. A number of Liverpool men are interested, and a meeting was held with the Wellsville board of trade this afternoon.

PASSED THE HOUSE.

Those Two Additional Regiments of Artillery Assured.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—[Special]—The Hawley bill, providing for the addition to the army of two regiments of artillery, passed the house today without division.

TOOK IT BACK.

Spain Says General Lee Can Stay in Havana.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—[Special]—It is authoritatively announced here this morning that Spain has withdrawn its request for the recall of Consul General Lee from Havana.

Twaddle Is Not Free.

Timothy Twaddle has not yet signed a contract with the Auburn team, and is holding out for an increase in salary.

Twaddle could secure another engagement at more money, but his manager will not release him for less than \$150.

Surprised T. O. Timmons.

T. O. Timmons, of 364 Lincoln avenue, was agreeably surprised when he went home, Saturday evening, to find about 40 guests assembled there. It was his sixty-fourth birthday.

Miss Patterson Improving.

The report that Miss Eva Patterson had died at her home near Lisbon is untrue, and her many friends in this city will be pleased to know that she is slowly recovering.

Only One Case.

Nora Douglass has commenced a forcible detention action against Ned Hughes in the court of Squire Hill. The case will be heard tomorrow.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

—James R. Hill was a Pittsburg visitor today.

—Will Sebring, of East Palestine, spent Sunday in the city.

—Frank Dickey was in Pittsburg today on private business.

—J. E. McDonald was in New Cumberland, today, on private business.

—Miss Laura Rowe, of East Palestine, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Logan.

—Edward Owen left Saturday night on the Virginia for Gallipolis. He will visit relatives.

—J. E. Farrel returned to the city this morning, after spending Sunday with his wife in Pittsburg.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Simms, of Steubenville, were in the city yesterday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Simms, Second street.

—Rev. J. C. M. Ewing, D. D., of India, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Moore, of Pennsylvania avenue, left this morning for Wooster.

G. BENEHEIM,

~SUCCESSOR TO~

G. Bendheim & Co.

WHILE the proprietor of the new firm is not a stranger in this city, we are practically a new firm, and as such, make our bow to our friends and patrons, thanking them all for past favors and hoping for a continuance of the same.

We have purchased the entire stock of G. Bendheim & Co., and as we also bought a great many shoes for spring we are compelled to sacrifice a part of our present stock in order to have sufficient room for the one that is coming.

The shoes we will offer during this room-making process will be High Grade ones only, but prices will reign that would buy only cheap goods elsewhere.

We solicit your coming.

G. BENDHEIM.

P. S.—Advance Spring Styles in men's, women's and children's shoes are being shown in connection with this sale.

15 DAYS SAVE THE AGENT'S PROFIT. 15 DAYS

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE

WALL PAPER WALL PAPER

BEGINNING MARCH 5, I will offer at a discount

of 10 to 20 per cent on our new up-to-date patterns 1898.

10 per cent off on new papers from 10c to 15c
12 " " " " " 15c.

A good time to select your paper now and save the agents profit. We have more than 40,000 bolts for 1898.

Two large warehouses full up. Good wall paper at 2c, 3c, 4c & 5c. Good parlor paper at 7c, 8c, 9c and 10c. Old stock at almost any price. Odd bolts 1c each.

Some of the Advantages We Offer Customers:

1. The lowest price in town. 2. The largest and most complete stock. 3. More than 500 patterns and colorings to select from. 4. All paper trimmed free. 5. Single bolts and border taken back. 6. Will hang all our paper at 10c a bolt. 7. Street car fare paid from East End, West End and Wellsville to this greatest of wall paper sales.

IN THE KINSEY'S E. LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Don't buy until you have seen our complete line of 1898 papers and prices. We handle all the fine papers, as ingrain, silks and pressed papers. Everybody invited to this great sale. Mixed paints, warranted, in cans at 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c.

NO MORE DISORDER.

Will Be Tolerated at the First Presbyterian Church.

Doctor Lee last night at the First Presbyterian church announced that disorder would not be tolerated. Kindly but firmly he said that legal measures would be taken to prevent the reprehensible practice, and he would not speak of the matter again. The disorder has been confined to some young people in the rear of the church.

Doctor Lee has had a police officer in the church for some time with the intention of having the guilty parties removed from the building.

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FROM THE SHOULDER

This Man of God Hits the
American Saloon.

THE SUM OF ALL VILLAINIES.

Rev. Dr. Reager Addressed an Immense
Audience at His Church in Wellsville
Last Night. He Burned His Bridges Be-
hind Him. Scored Professing Christians.

Rev. Dr. Reager, pastor of the First
M. E. church, Wellsville, delivered a
sermon on Sunday evening, March 6th,
which will, under the blessing of God,
be seed which will result in a harvest of
good for Wellsville, East Liverpool and
all the surrounding country. The
speaker believes that a Christian minis-
ter should be absolutely fearless in the
performance of his duty and in his bat-
tle against every sin which thrusts its
hideous head into society and into the
government which controls this great
nation. His sermon was an onslaught
upon the curse of curses, the American
saloon, and right doughty blows did he
hurl in the face of Satan, at the com-
mand of the Master, whose soldier ser-
vant Dr. Reager last night proved him-
self to be. We give in the following
his groundwork of thought and a synop-
sis of his sermon:

"Resolved: That the American sal-
oon is a great evil, moral, social and
political, and a disgrace to Christianity.
"Resolved. That it is our duty to
labor, with untiring zeal, and in the
use of all religious, commercial and
political influences for its suppression.
"The government is by the people and
for the people, for protection and cor-
rection.

"When is government perverted?
When it fails to protect its subjects in
the enjoyment of rights, life, liberty
and the pursuit of happiness. When,
for a money consideration, it authorizes
its subjects to do wrong.

"Who are the subjects? The men,
women and children.

"What is our duty? To make the
best use of the laws we have. To seek
the best men in placing officials in of-
fice. To secure such legislation as will
best protect society.

"As Christians and good citizens we
must make use of every power God has
given us for the suppression of the ac-
cursed American saloon. It is a curse
to every young man. It is a mildew
and a blight upon society at large.
Business men and bankers and promi-
nent railroad companies refuse to give
employment to young men who indulge
in intoxicants. In the state of Maine,
if the young man tipsles he fails to se-
cure any responsible berth. Secret so-
cieties and organizations founded on
common sense business principles are
barring from their magic circles the dis-
tiller, the brewer, the hotel and saloon
keeper, the bartender, and in very many
cases the drinker, conscious that such a
course is the very essence of self pro-
tection. The evangelical churches are bar-
ring from the fold the tippler and the
drinker, terming him an immoral char-
acter.

"The drink habit is but the forerun-
ner of a myriad of vices which curse so-
ciety, and business, and religious circles,
vices too numerous and farreaching in
their blighting influence to be here enu-
merated. It separates man and wife,
robs innocent women and little children;
it controls and debauches our courts and
our legislatures, and has made politics
so rotten that honest and honorable
men dread to enter political life. Pro-
fessing Christians tolerate the curse, and
make Christianity a byword in the
mouth of the scoffer in consequence.
We must, at God's command, labor
against this curse. When I say LABOR,
I mean that we must work with every
energy of body and soul against the
American saloon, year in and year out,
asking God's blessing upon our efforts.

"I take my text from the 94th Psalm,
20th and 21st verses. 'Shall the throne
of iniquity have fellowship with thee,
which frameth mischief by a law? They
gather themselves together against the
soul of the righteous, and condemn the
innocent blood.'

"I am hot on the trail of the organ-
ized liquor traffic—of the American sal-
oon. It is my duty, and my pleasure,
and my right, as a Christian minister,
to protest against any organized evil,
and by the help of Almighty God I in-
tend doing so, to the full extent of my
ability.

"Suppose a physician should appear
in Wellsville and be called to administer
medicine to a youth of our city. Sup-
pose that he should continue to give the
boy medicine and have him call at his

Royal makes the food pure,
wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

office to partake thereof. Suppose he
should obtain such control over his pa-
tient, by and through this medicine, as
to rob his customer of will power and
compel him to give him from ten to
twenty-five cents on each visit. Sup-
pose this physician should embrace
other patients on his list and treat them
in a like manner, and that positive evi-
dence would be adduced to this effect;
how long would it be until indignant
citizens would chase the fellow out of
town, with the possibility of a coat of
tar and feathers gracing his person?

"And yet, fellow citizens and Chris-
tian voters, this is just what every sal-
oon in Wellsville is doing at the pres-
ent time, by day and by night, and you
are upholding him with your ballot.

"The object of the law is for cor-
rection and not for punishment. This is
the case, with but few exceptions, in
the civilized nations of the world.
Hence the battle against capital punish-
ment, as a man stands but little chance
for safe correction after he be hanged.
Government has no right to inflict an
evil upon the people; when it does so, it
comes distinctly under the head of PER-
VERTED government, and should be de-
nounced in unstinted terms, compelling
the removal of such bad government,
and the substitution of good and right-
eous laws and government. Every hon-
orable business man will testify that
the saloon is an unmitigated evil; an
evil to business and to social, religious
and political life; every feature connected
with the liquor curse is of the devil and
from the devil, direct from the bottom-
less pit. It is an awful evil. Judges on
our benches agree to this, without ex-
ception. The great Wesley pronounced it
'the sum of ALL villainies.' The curse
has no apologists outside of its own bar.
If McKinley and Bryan were placed on
oath, and compelled to make answer,
they would declare the liquor curse an
awful and far reaching disaster, evil
and curse. The fellows engaged in the
manufacture and sale of this curse are a
law unto themselves, and they aim to
hold power and control, in defiance of
all law, human and divine. There is
not a saloon keeper in this city who de-
sires that his son shall patronize his bar.
But he is willing and eager to have
your son imbibe the curse and go down
to a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's
hell, in order that the infamous saloon-
ist may accumulate money and property
by what he terms easy means.

"They tell me that the saloon keeper
who dropped dead in our city the other
day did not drink liquor and would not
permit his barkeeper to do so; but he
would let your son and my son drink
the damnable stuff, and hasten them
forward on the road which leads straight
to hell.

"We stand as helpless before
this dread danger and awful
besom of destruction as does the
innocent and helpless little babe
before the voracious and hungry
tiger; we are made helpless by and
through the law. Shame, shame,
shame on such law. When the Ameri-
can saloonist gives his order, men on all
sides obey and bow down; the farmer,
the merchant, the lawyer, and even the
average minister of the gospel dare not
bid the accursed thing defiance. It's a
fact, Christian men and women of
Wellsville—a fact which you dare not
deny.

"You have eleven saloons in this city,
I understand. If eleven men should
enter into a combination, and make
headquarters in a cave adjacent to this
place, and deliberately start in to rob
the mechanics and workingmen; to
steal from the little girls their wraps
and from the boys their shoes; to rob
washerwomen of their scanty earnings,
how long would it be until outraged citi-
zenship would assemble in force, and,
if necessary, make use of a Gatling gun
and blow the robbers into eternity?
And yet you sit supinely by and let 11
saloonkeepers in Wellsville rob, indis-
criminately, the very class of law-
breaking women and children we have desig-
nated. You know this to be a fact;

you know it to be the plain truth; oh,
Christian voters of Wellsville, is it not a
burning, withering shame upon you and
a disgrace to your common manhood?

"Oh, the horror of the destruction of
the Maine; oh the horror of 253 gallant
men going down to a watery grave.
But think of the still more awful horror
of 100,000 men and boys going down to
a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's
hell from 1897 to 1898, and children
coming forward for the oncoming years
to supply the demands of the accursed
American saloon; and these figures are
not fancy, but FACT—indisputable fig-
ures, which no man can successfully re-
fute. Oh, the awful, damnable horror
of the thought.

"Had my boy gone down on the
Maine, my heart would have been filled
with keenest sorrow; but, in the midst
of my sorrow, my heart would have re-
joiced that my boy had gone down at
the post of duty and in his country's
service; but, oh the horror of the
thought that my boy, my son, may go
down to a drunkard's grave and a
drunkard's hell, straight from the maw
of the accursed American saloon. God
forbid.

"Your government will protect my
horse or my hog—will punish the thief
who steals them; but your government
will not protect my boy. My neighbor
will not protect him by his ballot. You
Christian voters will not protect him in
Wellsville." (A voice in the congrega-
tion, "They are not Christians.") The
speaker: ("I am not their judge.") Re-
sponse from the voice: ("I am.") The
speaker: ("By their fruits shall ye
know them.")

"For thirty long years have I, a Chris-
tian minister, battled against the infam-
ous saloon. For ten years have I
cast my ballot against it in every par-
ticular, and I hope that my right arm
may wither at my side when I cast my
vote in favor of the accursed monster
evil, the American saloon.

"Irondale is asking that the infamy
shall be removed from her limits. In
the name of God, what will Wellsville
do? Will we put men in office who will
act in favor of the saloon—your mayor,
your councilmen, your municipal offi-
cers?

"I have been warned that I risk the
payment of my salary in my attack upon
this infamy of infamies. I tell you that
I shall find hair growing in the palm of
my hands ere I ask for or willingly re-
ceive any of the awful blood money
coming from the accursed liquor traffic.
Every dollar of the revenue from this
accursed cause which goes to the build-
ing of your public pavements or side-
walks; every dollar which goes into the
school fund, is blood money and will
carry a curse with it. This is plain talk
—but the subject demands plain talk
and square truth; the word of God says:
'Woe unto him who putteth the bottle
to his neighbors' lips to make him
drunken.' If you, as professing Chris-
tians, pray to God about this matter,
and insult God by casting your vote in
a manner which will in any way aid
this accursed liquor business, God will
mock you, and your prayers will not
ascend as high as the hairs upon my
head.

"Let me talk still more plainly. I
shall wash my skirts, God helping me.
If you vote for any official who has
been in favor of the saloon and kindred
devices, such as gambling and other
hideous evils, and who will aim to re-
tain the saloon in our midst, let me as-
sure you, on the authority of the word
of God, that you will BATHE YOUR
HANDS IN YOUR BROTHER'S BLOOD. This
is the truth, and the truth will smite
you if you do not wash your skirts.

"I came down from East Liverpool
on the cars a short time since. My
neighbor's son was on the car. I love
my neighbor and I love his son, and I
covet that son for Jesus. Oh the horror

CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Whole Week,

COMMENCING

...MONDAY, MARCH 7...

Matinee: Saturday.

Harry F. Curtis, Manager and Proprietor

FREDERICK H. WILSON'S

High-Class Comedy and Vaude-
ville Company.

Ten acting and eight specialty people.
Three shows in one. Drama, Vaude-
ville and Motograph, and the Ancient
City Quartet, opening with the 4-act

—COMEDY—
"PARADISE REGAINED"

Evening Prices, 10c, 20c, 30c
Matinee, 10c, 20c

Many People only

Visit THE BIG STORE

when in need of something for fear of imposing.

We don't want you to feel that way.

Our Store and Salesmen are here for your convenience, and we
want you to drop in, see what we handle, get posted on styles of
goods, ask for any information you may desire.

Our store is

Bristling With Good Things,

and whether you want to buy or not we want you to see them.

With this end in view we propose having a

CARPET OPENING,

Beginning Wednesday of this week and continuing for one
week.

To this opening we

INVITE EVERYBODY.

Here you can see, not only what the Big Store contains, but
also what the Mills are doing for the beautifying of your home.

Here You Will See

Those wonderfully rich products
of the looms,

Savonneries,
Axminsters,
Velvets.

The always reliable and substan-
tial

BODY BRUSSELS.

The beautiful but cheaper

TAPESTRY
BRUSSELS.

Ingrain
Carpets

of such handsome designs and
colors that you will wonder at
the genius which conceived and
produced them.

The acme of yard wide carpet

Bagaria.

You Will Also See

Great ART SQUARES,

Large enough to cover an entire room.

Prominent in the Display will be

RUGS,

at once the pride and joy of the housewife.

Rugs of all sizes, shapes
and colors. Rugs rich enough to be
the fabled prayer rugs of
the far east.

And plainer ones fit for every day duty.

This will be a

GALA WEEK at
THE BIG STORE,

and we want you to see it.

THE S. G. HARD CO

FROM THE SHOULDER

This Man of God Hits the
American Saloon.

THE SUM OF ALL VILLAINIES.

Rev. Dr. Reager Addressed an Immense
Audience at His Church in Wellsville
Last Night. He Burned His Bridges Be-
hind Him. Scored Professing Christians.

Rev. Dr. Reager, pastor of the First
M. E. church, Wellsville, delivered a
sermon on Sunday evening, March 6th,
which will, under the blessing of God,
be seed which will result in a harvest of
good for Wellsville, East Liverpool and
all the surrounding country. The
speaker believes that a Christian minis-
ter should be absolutely fearless in the
performance of his duty and in his bat-
tle against every sin which thrusts its
hideous head into society and into the
government which controls this great
nation. His sermon was an onslaught
upon the curse of curses, the American
saloon, and right doughty blows did he
hurl in the face of Satan, at the com-
mand of the Master, whose soldier ser-
vant Dr. Reager last night proved him-
self to be. We give in the following
his groundwork of thought and a synop-
sis of his sermon:

"Resolved: That the American sal-
oon is a great evil, moral, social and
political, and a disgrace to Christianity.
"Resolved. That it is our duty to
labor, with untiring zeal, and in the
use of all religious, commercial and
political influences for its suppression.
"The government is by the people and
for the people, for protection and cor-
rection.

"When is government perverted?
When it fails to protect its subjects in
the enjoyment of rights, life, liberty
and the pursuit of happiness. When,
for a money consideration, it authorizes
its subjects to do wrong.

"Who are the subjects? The men,
women and children.

"What is our duty? To make the
best use of the laws we have. To seek
the best men in placing officials in of-
fice. To secure such legislation as will
best protect society.

"As Christians and good citizens we
must make use of every power God has
given us for the suppression of the ac-
cursed American saloon. It is a curse
to every young man. It is a mildew
and a blight upon society at large.
Business men and bankers and promi-
nent railroad companies refuse to give
employment to young men who indulge
in intoxicants. In the state of Maine,
if the young man tips the bottle he fails to se-
cure any responsible berth. Secret so-
cieties and organizations founded on
common sense business principles are
barring from their magic circles the dis-
tiller, the brewer, the hotel and saloon
keeper, the bartender, and in very many
cases the drinker, conscious that such a
course is the very essence of self protec-
tion. The evangelical churches are bar-
ring from the fold the tippler and the
drinker, terming him an immoral char-
acter.

"The drink habit is but the forerun-
ner of a myriad of vices which curse so-
ciety, and business, and religious circles,
vices too numerous and far-reaching in
their blighting influence to be here enu-
merated. It separates man and wife,
robs innocent women and little children;
it controls and debauches our courts and
our legislatures, and has made politics
so rotten that honest and honorable
men dread to enter political life. Pro-
fessing Christians tolerate the curse, and
make Christianity a byword in the
mouth of the scoffer in consequence.
We must, at God's command, labor
against this curse. When I say LABOR,
I mean that we must work with every
energy of body and soul against the
American saloon, year in and year out,
asking God's blessing upon our efforts.

"I take my text from the 94th Psalm,
20th and 21st verses. 'Shall the throne
of iniquity have fellowship with thee,
which frameth mischief by a law? They
gather themselves together against the
soul of the righteous, and condemn the
innocent blood.'

"I am hot on the trail of the organ-
ized liquor traffic—of the American sal-
oon. It is my duty, and my pleasure,
and my right, as a Christian minister,
to protest against any organized evil,
and by the help of Almighty God I in-
tend doing so, to the full extent of my
ability.

"Suppose a physician should appear
in Wellsville and be called to administer
medicine to a youth of our city. Sup-
pose that he should continue to give the
boy medicine and have him call at his

Royal makes the food pure,
wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

office to partake thereof. Suppose he
should obtain such control over his pa-
tient, by and through this medicine, as
to rob his customer of will power and
compel him to give him from ten to
twenty-five cents on each visit. Sup-
pose this physician should embrace
other patients on his list and treat them
in a like manner, and that positive evi-
dence would be adduced to this effect;
how long would it be until indignant
citizens would chase the fellow out of
town, with the possibility of a coat of
tar and feathers gracing his person?

"And yet, fellow citizens and Chris-
tian voters, this is just what every sal-
oon in Wellsville is doing at the pres-
ent time, by day and by night, and you
are upholding him with your ballot.

"The object of the law is for correc-
tion and not for punishment. This is
the case, with but few exceptions, in
the civilized nations of the world.
Hence the battle against capital punish-
ment, as a man stands but little chance
for safe correction after he be hanged.
Government has no right to inflict an
evil upon the people; when it does so, it
comes distinctly under the head of PER-
VERTED government, and should be de-
nounced in unstinted terms, compelling
the removal of such bad government,
and the substitution of good and right-
eous laws and government. Every hon-
orable business man will testify that
the saloon is an unmitigated evil; an
evil to business and to social, religious
and political life; every feature connected
with the liquor curse is of the devil and
from the devil, direct from the bottom-
less pit. It is an awful evil. Judges on
our benches agree to this, without ex-
ception. The great Wesley pronounced
it 'the sum of ALL villainies.' The curse
has no apologists outside of its own bar.
If McKinley and Bryan were placed on
oath, and compelled to make answer,
they would declare the liquor curse an
awful and far reaching disaster, evil
and curse. The fellows engaged in the
manufacture and sale of this curse are a
law unto themselves, and they aim to
hold power and control, in defiance of
all law, human and divine. There is
not a saloon keeper in this city who de-
sires that his son shall patronize his bar.
But he is willing and eager to have
your son imbibe the curse and go down
to a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's
hell, in order that the infamous saloon-
ist may accumulate money and property
by what he terms easy means.

"They tell me that the saloon keeper
who dropped dead in our city the other
day did not drink liquor and would not
permit his barkeeper to do so; but he
would let your son and my son drink
the damnable stuff, and hasten them
forward on the road which leads straight
to hell.

"We stand as helpless before
this dread danger and awful
besom of destruction as does the
innocent and helpless little babe
before the voracious and hungry
tiger; we are made helpless by and
through the law. Shame, shame,
shame on such law. When the Ameri-
can saloonist gives his order, men on all
sides obey and bow down; the farmer,
the merchant, the lawyer, and even the
average minister of the gospel dare not
bid the accursed thing defiance. It's a
fact, Christian men and women of
Wellsville—a fact which you dare not
deny.

"You have eleven saloons in this city,
I understand. If eleven men should
enter into a combination, and make
headquarters in a cave adjacent to this
place, and deliberately start in to rob
the mechanics and workingmen; to
steal from the little girls their wraps
and from the boys their shoes; to rob
washerwomen of their scanty earnings,
how long would it be until outraged citi-
zenship would assemble in force, and,
if necessary, make use of a Gatling gun
and blow the robbers into eternity?
And yet you sit supinely by and let 11
saloonkeepers in Wellsville rob, indis-
criminately, the very class of our
women and children we have desig-
nated. You know this to be a fact;

you know it to be the plain truth; oh,
Christian voters of Wellsville, is it not a
burning, withering shame upon you and
a disgrace to your common manhood?

"Oh, the horror of the destruction of
the Maine; oh the horror of 253 gallant
men going down to a watery grave.
But think of the still more awful horror
of 100,000 men and boys going down to
a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's
hell from 1897 to 1898, and children
coming forward for the oncoming years
to supply the demands of the accursed
American saloon; and these figures are
not fancy, but FACT—indisputable fig-
ures, which no man can successfully re-
fute. Oh, the awful, damnable horror
of the thought.

"Had my boy gone down on the
Maine, my heart would have been filled
with keenest sorrow; but, in the midst
of my sorrow, my heart would have re-
joiced that my boy had gone down at
the post of duty and in his country's
service; but, oh the horror of the
thought that my boy, my son, may go
down to a drunkard's grave and a
drunkard's hell, straight from the maw
of the accursed American saloon. God
forbid.

"Your government will protect my
horse or my hog—will punish the thief
who steals them; but your government
will not protect my boy. My neighbor
will not protect him by his ballot. You
Christian voters will not protect him in
Wellsville." (A voice in the congrega-
tion, "They are not Christians.") The
speaker: "I am not their judge." Re-
sponse from the voice: "I am." The
speaker: "By their fruits shall ye
know them."

"For thirty long years have I, a Chris-
tian minister, battled against the infam-
ous saloon. For ten years have I
cast my ballot against it in every par-
ticular, and I hope that my right arm
may wither at my side when I cast my
vote in favor of the accursed monster
evil, the American saloon.

"Irondale is asking that the infamy
shall be removed from her limits. In
the name of God, what will Wellsville
do? Will we put men in office who will
act in favor of the saloon—your mayor,
your councilmen, your municipal offi-
cers?

"I have been warned that I risk the
payment of my salary in my attack upon
this infamy of infamies. I tell you that
I shall find hair growing in the palm of
my hands ere I ask for or willingly re-
ceive any of the awful blood money
coming from the accursed liquor traffic.
Every dollar of the revenue from this
accursed cause which goes to the build-
ing of your public pavements or side-
walks; every dollar which goes into the
school fund, is blood money and will
carry a curse with it. This is plain talk
—but the subject demands plain talk
and square truth; the word of God says:
'Woe unto him who putteth the bottle
to his neighbors' lips to make him
drunken.' If you, as professing Chris-
tians, pray to God about this matter,
and insult God by casting your vote in
a manner which will in any way aid
this accursed liquor business, God will
mock you, and your prayers will not
ascend as high as the hairs upon my
head.

"Let me talk still more plainly. I
shall wash my skirts, God helping me.
If you vote for any official who has
been in favor of the saloon and kindred
devices, such as gambling and other
hideous evils, and who will aim to re-
tain the saloon in our midst, let me as-
sure you, on the authority of the word
of God, that you will BATH YOUR
HANDS IN YOUR BROTHER'S BLOOD. This
is the truth, and the truth will smite
you if you do not wash your skirts.

"I came down from East Liverpool
on the cars a short time since. My
neighbor's son was on the car. I love
my neighbor and I love his son, and I
covet that son for Jesus. Oh the horror

CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Whole Week,
COMMENCING

...MONDAY, MARCH 7...
Matinee: Saturday.

Harry F. Curtis, Manager and Proprietor
FREDERICK H. WILSON'S

High-Class Comedy and Vaude-
ville Company.

Ten acting and eight specialty people.
Three shows in one. Drama, Vaude-
ville and Motograph, and the Ancient
City Quartet, opening with the 4-act
—COMEDY—

"PARADISE REGAINED"
Evening Prices. 10c, 20c, 30c
Matinee. 10c, 20c

Many People only

Visit THE BIG STORE

when in need of something for fear of imposing.

We don't want you to feel that way.

Our Store and Salesmen are here for your convenience, and we
want you to drop in, see what we handle, get posted on styles of
goods, ask for any information you may desire.

Our store is

Bristling With Good Things,

and whether you want to buy or not we want you to see them.

With this end in view we propose having a

CARPET OPENING,

Beginning Wednesday of this week and continuing for one
week.

To this opening we

INVITE EVERYBODY.

Here you can see, not only what the Big Store contains, but
also what the Mills are doing for the beautifying of your home.

Here You Will See

Those wonderfully rich products
of the looms,

Savonneres,
Axminsters,
Velvets.

The always reliable and substan-
tial

BODY BRUSSELS.

The beautiful but cheaper

TAPESTRY
BRUSSELS.

Ingrain
Carpets

of such handsome designs and
colors that you will wonder at
the genius which conceived and
produced them.

The acme of yard wide carpet

Bagaria.

You Will Also See

Great ART SQUARES,

Large enough to cover an entire room.

Prominent in the Display will be

RUGS,

at once the pride and joy of the housewife.

Rugs of all sizes, shapes
and colors.

Rugs rich enough to be
the fabled prayer rugs of
the far east.

And plainer ones fit for every day duty.

This will be a

GALA WEEK at

THE BIG STORE,

and we want you to see it.

THE S. G. HARD CO

RUSSELL CAME TO BID

On the Extension of the Cumberland Branch.

HE MADE THAT STATEMENT

And Started at Once For Chester to Go Over the Line—Two Other Contractors Were Here Saturday Afternoon—They Are All Confident.

Railroad contractors are confident the Cumberland branch will be extended to Chester within the next few months.

Fred Russell, a well known contractor of Pittsburg, came to the city this morning, and made a bee line for Chester. Under his arm was a bundle of blue prints, and he was in a hurry.

"We expect to bid on the extension of the Cumberland branch to a point near Rock Spring," he said to a reporter, "and I am going over the ground to see just what it is like."

Two other contractors were in town Saturday afternoon, having spent the morning in going over the ground. The contractors who have been here and would talk at all, are confident the line will be built.

Mr. Russell stated that the contract would be let this afternoon. He returned to Pittsburg at noon.

On the River.

The river has fallen a few inches since Saturday, and the marks at the wharf at a late hour this afternoon registered 6 feet.

Business yesterday was very brisk. The arrival of the Ben Hur, Kanawha and Keystone State caused no little activity.

A lot of freight was brought to this port, including a ton of packing excelsior.

The towboat Pacific No. 2, while between this place and Wellsville, burst a steam pipe in the lower deck. It tied in near Walker, and the break was repaired.

The Ben Hur and Keystone are the only packets due down this evening.

Passed up—Ben Hur, Keystone State, Kanawha, Pacific No. 2. Down—Virginia, Lorena and Catherine Davis.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

Broke His Nose.

A fight Saturday night in Sixth street, between two well known men, ended in such a manner that, before the week ends, an arrest or two may be made.

The argument was over a small difference in some money matters, and when friends separated them one of the principals discovered his nose was broken. He was taken to his home, and a physician summoned, who dressed the injury.

Shrader Is Satisfied.

John Shrader before he left for Pittsburg this morning said in answer to a question:

"Yes sir, I am perfectly satisfied with the decision which Judge Rickes handed down Saturday last. It is nothing more than what I expected, I now know where I stand in this matter, and will have a few things ready for the public within a few days."

Increased Wages.

The section laborers on the Cleveland and Pittsburg road have received an increase in their wages of 15 cents a day. This order took effect the first of the month. Supervisor Hickey's gang, who have been working nine hours a day for several months, have been put on 10 hours. The men formerly received \$1.03 a day.

Thursday the Last Day.

After next Thursday evening Clerk Hanley will refuse to receive names of candidates for the primaries. On this date the list will close, and the names will be sent to the printers.

A large number of names have been filed to date, and several hundred dollars have been received by the clerk as a result.

Freight Shipments Improving.

More freight was sent from the depot Saturday than there was Friday, and as more than 13 cars were heavily loaded, the tonnage was much in excess of the day previous.

Receipts showed an increase, and the business for the day was very satisfactory.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

Wheelmen Are Out.

The nice weather brought out a great many wheelmen, and the bicycle dealers are preparing to do an enormous business.

TO BOMBARD NEW YORK.

That Is the Spanish Programme In the Event of War.

A high naval authority assures me that if war does come—which is a mere speculation in futures—New York city is very likely to be bombarded. He says the half dozen armored cruisers of the Spanish fleet could anchor off Coney Island and with their 30 centimeter, or 13 inch, guns pour melinite or explosive shells into lower Broadway and Wall street. A few hours of this sort of amusement, for which the yellow journals are clamoring, might cause a loss of \$500,000,000 to Gotham.

It is true that the Spanish would not have things all their own way. They would surely suffer some damage. We would batteries of 12 inch guns at Sandy Hook and others at Fort Hamilton. We might sink a cruiser or two, and such ships as we had upon the scene would be likely to give a good account of themselves. But on account of the concentration of their force the Spanish would have the best of it, and a few cruisers wrecked or damaged would not compensate for a city knocked to pieces.

It is doubtful, too, if the capture of Havana, Cienfuegos, Santiago and Matanzas by our fleets would be sufficient compensation for the destruction of lower New York. It is certain the owners of the tall buildings along lower Broadway would not think so. Yet an abandonment of Cuba to its fate and a grand rush for New York is more than likely to be the Spanish programme in case of hostilities.

Americans who suppose Spain is an insignificant antagonist are foolishly optimistic. I am assured that our navy department people have cast all this up. They have reckoned tonnage, guns, armor, torpedo boats, speed of ships and every other factor, and have come to the conclusion that Spain's navy is very nearly the equal of ours.

From the Madrid point of view it would be necessary to gain the prestige of a victory in the campaign. Nothing could be so well calculated to fire the Spanish heart and give the government a long lease of power, no matter what disaster might come later, as the bombardment of New York or some other first class American city. For this they could afford to let Havana go and throw in Matanzas and Cienfuegos for good measure.—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

THE SPEAKER'S WIFE.

A Friend's Story of Mrs. Reed's Interview With the Chinese Minister.

Mrs. Reed, wife of the speaker of the house, is remarkably timid and retiring in manner for one who has lived in Washington so many winters. She is easily abashed by strangers, and when her days at home come around she dreads meeting the many strangers almost as much as a timid child. A friend



MRS. REED.

of hers tells this story about her: At one of her "at homes" she saw the Chinese minister and suit coming down the corridor of the hotel to her parlor. She was greatly abashed and exclaimed, "Oh, here come the Chinese, and I don't even know their names!"

"Well, never mind. The minister's name is Wu Ting Fang," said her friend.

"Did you say 'Wu Tin Pan'?" asked Mrs. Reed in her confusion. It was too late for corrections, but there was one woman relieved as well as the wife of the speaker when the interview was over.—Chicago Tribune.

Two Bushel Sack of Silver Dollars.

The very unusual sight of a man walking through the street with a two bushel meal sack chock full of silver dollars was witnessed at Lexington the other afternoon. Just before the close of banking hours two men, apparently good old farmers, walked into the Phoenix National bank, one of them carrying the sack. They told Cashier Waller Rhodes that they wanted to make a deposit, which he, knowing the men to be citizens of Fayette county from near Jack's Creek, accepted. They untied the bag and counted out a sum which looked to be about \$3,000, every piece of which was a shining silver "plunk." A part of the money was carefully wrapped in paper packages, \$20 in each. The scent of these packages clearly indicated that the money had been buried beneath the earth.—Louisville Post.

Applause.

A friend having declared in Mrs. Sidons' hearing that applause was necessary to actors—that it gave them confidence, "More," interposed she; "it gives us breath."

LIVE FISH DELICACY.

BRAND NEW DISH IN SAN FRANCISCO'S CHINESE RESTAURANTS.

Is Brought In Swimming In a Tub—Then Sliced Along the Back and Sides and Vinegar Poured In Its Eyes—Served With a Thick Brown Sauce.

Some of the most select of the Chinatown rounders in San Francisco have been treated during the last few weeks to a brand new delicacy. According to their earnest opinion, it is a wonder and way ahead of the kindred delicacies of bird's nest soup, shark's fin, pickled li-chee nuts, preserved eggs and similar comfits.

It is understood, however, that this new delicacy, while strange to the white patrons, has been popular in China for a matter of 2,000 years or so. At any rate, the Chinese patrons of the amazing dish seem to know and reverence it, and to all intents and purposes it is hailed by them as the average American bows down to the subtle terrapin.

Simply described, the dish is no more or less than raw, live fish. Usually it appears to be some species resembling the salmon trout, but on occasions it appears similar to the rockfish. If the Chinese chefs are to be believed, these fish are brought alive from China in tubs, and this statement is in a measure corroborated by the statement of local fish men, who say the fish are unlike anything found in America.

It is only the favored few of the white patrons that have had the opportunity to sample this new dainty. Others that have asked to have it served have been received with that blank expression used by the wily Mongolians to confuse the white barbarians. But the favored ones that have tasted it say it is good, even delicious.

It requires at least a day's notice to obtain the new dainty, for not even the regular Chinese patrons can get it off-hand. Then when the dish is ready to be served the patron is notified to present himself at the restaurant.

As a preliminary the guest or guests sit down to preliminary dinner of the usual bird's nest soup order. Then, when this is cleared away, the servants bring in, with much ceremony, a tub of clear salt water. In this the fish is swimming about, alive and lively.

Having presented the tub before the guests, the chief attendant, with a dextrous hand, grasps the fish by the gills and lifts it from the water. Laying it upon a long teakwood board, he takes from another servant a thin, curved steel knife, sharp pointed and as sharp as a razor. Turning the fish so that the back of the head lies between the thumb and forefinger of his left hand, he inserts the knife with a quick upward movement under the dorsal fin.

Instantly the fish ceases its struggles, and with another deft stroke the knife is run along its back, laying bare the spine and the ends of the ribs. Turning the fish, first upon one side and then upon the other, the head man makes incisions from the gills clear back to the tail. This done, he bends the head and tail together, and with a barbed skewer fastens them. At this point another servant hands the carver a vial of strong Chinese vinegar.

Decanting the fluid so that a single drop hangs from the lip of the vial, he taps it gently so that the single drop falls into the eye of the fish.

A single mighty convulsion immediately seizes it. With one writhing shudder it turns over on its back, the flesh falling on one side and the entire skeleton of the fish on the other. Then the head servant claps his hands, the servants remove the bones and viscera, and with a few more quick movements of the knife the fish is sliced into convenient portions.

After the quivering flesh has been placed upon plates the servants pour a thick brown sauce upon it, and, still quivering, the fish is passed to the guests.

Those that have tasted it say that the brown sauce thoroughly disguises the fishy taste and at the same time removes the repugnance that one might feel at eating raw fish. Some of the more ardent admirers of the Chinese cuisine say they can readily understand why the Chinese hold the dish in such reverence, but others less enthusiastic say they can see nothing better in it than underdone cod or half broiled mackerel.

A few days ago one of San Francisco's society women thought she would do the honors to a friend from New York by giving one of these fish dinners. The affair, however, was not a success, for both the New York woman and her unmarried sister became deathly ill during the preliminary ceremonies, and before the dish was served were obliged to rise and hurriedly leave the restaurant. It can be imagined what the disgust of the Chinese chef was at this instance of American barbarism. The others, however, remained and ate the fish.—New York World.

The Professor's Love Poem.

Why does it haunt me, haunt me, haunt me like this—

Two or three freckles, the sauciest nose,

Lips like cherries, and made to kiss—

Kissed by others since, I suppose?

Kissed by others, I suppose.

What does it matter? I had my share.

Breezes and breezes fondle the rose—

Tell me, for this is the rose less fair?

Professor George L. Kittridge, a dignified preceptor who came from Cam-

bridge to represent old Harvard at the forty-first annual dinner of her Chicago alumni in the University club, wished heartily the other night that he had never written the above lines. They were the outpourings of his youth and were published in The Harvard Advocate years ago. He had supposed they had dropped into oblivion, but they were to haunt him at the feast when President Dunlap Smith, or Bill Smith, as Rev. Samuel A. Eliot called him, introducing the grave minded savant, pulled from his coatall pocket a musty volume of college poems and read therefrom the verses.—Chicago Chronicle.

Canvasback Ducks.

The present writer has paid \$5 for a canvasback duck in the Maryland club in the city of Baltimore, the city which is the home of the canvasback connoisseur, and situated in the district which is the haunt of the canvasback.

In San Francisco, on the other hand, it is possible to partake of an excellent dinner at one of the many French restaurants wherein a canvasback shall figure and a dinner can be secured with ordinary wine at from \$1.25 to \$1.50—less than one-third of the single item of duck at the Baltimore dinner.

It may be said by captious critics that the canvasbacks in San Francisco are not so good as the canvasbacks in Baltimore. Error! They are not only just as good, they are the same. All of the canvasbacks in the United States come from the same district, the vast breeding grounds in Alaska. The ducks, flying to the southward, take up their various lines of flight over the lakes of the northwestern states, like Minnesota, thence down to the Chesapeake marshes, or dividing and going to the west of the Rocky mountains, they come to the feeding grounds which line the great marshes at the confluence of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers. The birds come from the same breeding grounds, they get the same food in our Suisun marshes as they do on the Chesapeake—to wit, the wild celery, Apium graveolens. In short, the birds are exactly the same. They differ only in price.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Have You a Pet Superstition?

"I don't believe there is a man living who is without his pet superstition," remarked a secondhand furniture man the other day. "We constantly have people who sell us articles of household use and come in after a few weeks—sometimes only days—and try to buy them back again, with the explanation that they have had 'bad luck' ever since the sale was made and never would have good luck again until the bargain was undone.

"One woman who had sold us her grandmother's clock fairly wept because it was gone before she could buy it in again. This idea is not confined to uneducated or ignorant people by any means.

"At this very time I know a business man of great culture and refinement who is vigorously pursuing an old wooden desk which he owned many years ago—a desk on which he made an enormous amount of money by a few lucky strokes of his pen. The desk passed from hand to hand and out of his possession. He is now earnestly endeavoring to trace it and purchase it, believing that recent business reverses and hard times will flee away, if he can only stretch his legs once more under that same old desk."—Pearson's Weekly.

Her Pathetic Contrast.

It is not in the saying of pungent things or even witty things that children become interesting, and this is why so often the glimpses of children we have given us are so unsatisfactory. It is the utterance of things that have a heart of pathos that makes the talk of little ones so wonderful.

A lady standing between two beds at a children's hospital not long ago upon the occasion of a small feast opened conversation with one of the patients by saying:

"What have you had, dear?"

"The pleurisy, ma'am," came the answer.

"And what has this little girl had?"

"She's had cake, ma'am."

This may be the sort of thing you smile at while your throat tightens, but if you are a woman the heart of love in you is taken captive.—New York Ledger.

WANTED.

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In a Nut Shell

High Wages,

Fine Equipment,

Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

RUSSELL CAME TO BID

On the Extension of the Cumberland Branch.

HE MADE THAT STATEMENT

And Started at Once For Chester to Go Over the Line—Two Other Contractors Were Here Saturday Afternoon—They Are All Confident.

Railroad contractors are confident the Cumberland branch will be extended to Chester within the next few months.

Fred Russell, a well known contractor of Pittsburg, came to the city this morning, and made a bee line for Chester. Under his arm was a bundle of blue prints, and he was in a hurry.

"We expect to bid on the extension of the Cumberland branch to a point near Rock Spring," he said to a reporter, "and I am going over the ground to see just what it is like."

Two other contractors were in town Saturday afternoon, having spent the morning in going over the ground. The contractors who have been here and would talk at all, are confident the line will be built.

Mr. Russell stated that the contract would be let this afternoon. He returned to Pittsburg at noon.

On the River.

The river has fallen a few inches since Saturday, and the marks at the wharf at a late hour this afternoon registered 6 feet.

Business yesterday was very brisk. The arrival of the Ben Hur, Kanawha and Keystone State caused no little activity.

A lot of freight was brought to this port, including a ton of packing excelsior.

The towboat Pacific No. 2, while between this place and Wellsville, burst a steam pipe in the lower deck. It tied in near Walker, and the break was repaired.

The Ben Hur and Keystone are the only packets due down this evening.

Passed up—Ben Hur, Keystone State, Kanawha, Pacific No. 2. Down—Virginia, Lorena and Catherine Davis.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

Broke His Nose.

A fight Saturday night in Sixth street, between two well known men, ended in such a manner that, before the week ends, an arrest or two may be made.

The argument was over a small difference in some money matters, and when friends separated them one of the principals discovered his nose was broken. He was taken to his home, and a physician summoned, who dressed the injury.

Shrader Is Satisfied.

John Shrader before he left for Pittsburg this morning said in answer to a question:

"Yes sir, I am perfectly satisfied with the decision which Judge Rickes handed down Saturday last. It is nothing more than what I expected, I now know where I stand in this matter, and will have a few things ready for the public within a few days."

Increased Wages.

The section laborers on the Cleveland and Pittsburg road have received an increase in their wages of 15 cents a day. This order took effect the first of the month. Supervisor Hickey's gang, who have been working nine hours a day for several months, have been put on 10 hours. The men formerly received \$1.03 a day.

Thursday the Last Day.

After next Thursday evening Clerk Hanley will refuse to receive names of candidates for the primaries. On this date the list will close, and the names will be sent to the printers.

A large number of names have been filed to date, and several hundred dollars have been received by the clerk as a result.

Freight Shipments Improving.

More freight was sent from the depot Saturday than there was Friday, and as more than 13 cars were heavily loaded, the tonnage was much in excess of the day previous.

Receipts showed an increase, and the business for the day was very satisfactory.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

Wheelmen Are Out.

The nice weather brought out a great many wheelmen, and the bicycle dealers are preparing to do an enormous business.

TO BOMBARD NEW YORK.

That Is the Spanish Programme in the Event of War.

A high naval authority assures me that if war does come—which is a mere speculation in futures—New York city is very likely to be bombarded. He says the half dozen armored cruisers of the Spanish fleet could anchor off Coney Island and with their 30 centimeter, or 13 inch, guns pour melinite or explosive shells into lower Broadway and Wall street. A few hours of this sort of amusement, for which the yellow journals are clamoring, might cause a loss of \$500,000,000 to Gotham.

It is true that the Spanish would not have things all their own way. They would surely suffer some damage. We have batteries of 12 inch guns at Sandy Hook and others at Fort Hamilton. We might sink a cruiser or two, and such ships as we had upon the scene would be likely to give a good account of themselves. But on account of the concentration of their force the Spanish would have the best of it, and a few cruisers wrecked or damaged would not compensate for a city knocked to pieces.

It is doubtful, too, if the capture of Havana, Cienfuegos, Santiago and Matanzas by our fleets would be sufficient compensation for the destruction of lower New York. It is certain the owners of the tall buildings along lower Broadway would not think so. Yet an abandonment of Cuba to its fate and a grand rush for New York is more than likely to be the Spanish programme in case of hostilities.

Americans who suppose Spain is an insignificant antagonist are foolishly optimistic. I am assured that our navy department people have cast all this up. They have reckoned tonnage, guns, armor, torpedo boats, speed of ships and every other factor, and have come to the conclusion that Spain's navy is very nearly the equal of ours.

From the Madrid point of view it would be necessary to gain the prestige of a victory in the campaign. Nothing could be so well calculated to fire the Spanish heart and give the government a long lease of power, no matter what disaster might come later, as the bombardment of New York or some other first class American city. For this they could afford to let Havana go and throw in Matanzas and Cienfuegos for good measure.—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

THE SPEAKER'S WIFE.

A Friend's Story of Mrs. Reed's Interview With the Chinese Minister.

Mrs. Reed, wife of the speaker of the house, is remarkably timid and retiring in manner for one who has lived in Washington so many winters. She is easily abashed by strangers, and when her days at home come around she dreads meeting the many strangers almost as much as a timid child. A friend



MRS. REED.

of hers tells this story about her: At one of her "at homes" she saw the Chinese minister and suit coming down the corridor of the hotel to her parlor. She was greatly abashed and exclaimed, "Oh, here come the Chinese, and I don't even know their names!"

"Well, never mind. The minister's name is Wu Ting Fang," said her friend.

"Did you say 'Wu Tin Pan'?" asked Mrs. Reed in her confusion. It was too late for corrections, but there was one woman relieved as well as the wife of the speaker when the interview was over.—Chicago Tribune.

Two Bushel Sack of Silver Dollars.

The very unusual sight of a man walking through the street with a two bushel meal sack chock full of silver dollars was witnessed at Lexington the other afternoon. Just before the close of banking hours two men, apparently good old farmers, walked into the Phoenix National bank, one of them carrying the sack. They told Cashier Waller Rhodes that they wanted to make a deposit, which he, knowing the men to be citizens of Fayette county from near Jack's Creek, accepted. They untied the bag and counted out a sum which looked to be about \$3,000, every piece of which was a shining silver "plunk." A part of the money was carefully wrapped in paper packages, \$20 in each. The scent of these packages clearly indicated that the money had been buried beneath the earth.—Louisville Post.

Applause.

A friend having declared in Mrs. Sidons' hearing that applause was necessary to matters—that it gave them confidence, "More," interposed she; "it gives us breath."

LIVE FISH DELICACY.

BRAND NEW DISH IN SAN FRANCISCO'S CHINESE RESTAURANTS.

Is Brought In Swimming In a Tub—Then Sliced Along the Back and Sides and Vinegar Poured In Its Eyes—Served With a Thick Brown Sauce.

Some of the most select of the Chinatown rounders in San Francisco have been treated during the last few weeks to a brand new delicacy. According to their earnest opinion, it is a wonder and way ahead of the kindred delicacies of bird's nest soup, shark's fin, pickled li-chee nuts, preserved eggs and similar omits.

It is understood, however, that this new delicacy, while strange to the white patrons, has been popular in China for a matter of 2,000 years or so. At any rate, the Chinese patrons of the amazing dish seem to know and reverence it, and to all intents and purposes it is hailed by them as the average American bows down to the subtle terrapin.

Simply described, the dish is no more or less than raw, live fish. Usually it appears to be some species resembling the salmon trout, but on occasions it appears similar to the rockfish. If the Chinese chefs are to be believed, these fish are brought alive from China in tubs, and this statement is in a measure corroborated by the statement of local fish men, who say the fish are unlike anything found in America.

It is only the favored few of the white patrons that have had the opportunity to sample this new dainty. Others that have asked to have it served have been received with that blank expression used by the wily Mongolians to confuse the white barbarians. But the favored ones that have tasted it say it is good, even delicious.

It requires at least a day's notice to obtain the new dainty, for not even the regular Chinese patrons can get it off-hand. Then when the dish is ready to be served the patron is notified to present himself at the restaurant.

As a preliminary the guest or guests sit down to preliminary dinner of the usual bird's nest soup order. Then, when this is cleared away, the servants bring in, with much ceremony, a tub of clear salt water. In this the fish is swimming about, alive and lively.

Having presented the tub before the guests, the chief attendant, with a dextrous hand, grasps the fish by the gills and lifts it from the water. Laying it upon a long teakwood board, he takes from another servant a thin, curved steel knife, sharp pointed and as sharp as a razor. Turning the fish so that the back of the head lies between the thumb and forefinger of his left hand, he inserts the knife with a quick upward movement under the dorsal fin.

Instantly the fish ceases its struggles, and with another deft stroke the knife is run along its back, laying bare the spine and the ends of the ribs. Turning the fish, first upon one side and then upon the other, the head man makes incisions from the gills clear back to the tail. This done, he bends the head and tail together, and with a barbed skewer fastens them. At this point another servant hands the carver a vial of strong Chinese vinegar.

Decanting the fluid so that a single drop hangs from the lip of the vial, he taps it gently so that the single drop falls into the eye of the fish.

A single mighty convulsion immediately seizes it. With one writhing shudder it turns over on its back, the flesh falling on one side and the entire skeleton of the fish on the other. Then the head servant claps his hands, the servants remove the bones and viscera, and with a few more quick movements of the knife the fish is sliced into convenient portions.

After the quivering flesh has been placed upon plates the servants pour a thick brown sauce upon it, and, still quivering, the fish is passed to the guests.

Those that have tasted it say that the brown sauce thoroughly disguises the fishy taste and at the same time removes the repugnance that one might feel at eating raw fish. Some of the more ardent admirers of the Chinese cuisine say they can readily understand why the Chinese hold the dish in such reverence, but others less enthusiastic say they can see nothing better in it than underdone cod or half broiled mackerel.

A few days ago one of San Francisco's society women thought she would do the honors to a friend from New York by giving one of these fish dinners. The affair, however, was not a success, for both the New York woman and her unmarried sister became deathly ill during the preliminary ceremonies, and before the dish was served were obliged to rise and hurriedly leave the restaurant. It can be imagined what the disgust of the Chinese chef was at this instance of American barbarism. The others, however, remained and ate the fish.—New York World.

The Professor's Love Poem.

Why does it haunt me, haunt me, haunt me like this—

Two or three freckles, the sauciest nose,

Lips like cherries, and made to kiss—

Kissed by others since, I suppose?

Kissed by others, I suppose.

What does it matter? I had my share.

Breezes and breezes fondle the rose—

Tell me, for this is the rose less fair?

Professor George L. Kittridge, a dignified preceptor who came from Cam-

bridge to represent old Harvard at the forty-first annual dinner of her Chicago alumni in the University club, wished heartily the other night that he had never written the above lines. They were the outpourings of his youth and were published in The Harvard Advocate years ago. He had supposed they had dropped into oblivion, but they were to haunt him at the feast when President Dunlap Smith, or Bill Smith, as Rev. Samuel A. Eliot called him, introducing the grave minded savant, pulled from his coattail pocket a musty volume of college poems and read therefrom the verses.—Chicago Chronicle.

Canvasback Ducks.

The present writer has paid \$5 for a canvasback duck in the Maryland club in the city of Baltimore, the city which is the home of the canvasback connoisseur, and situated in the district which is the haunt of the canvasback.

In San Francisco, on the other hand, it is possible to partake of an excellent dinner at one of the many French restaurants wherein a canvasback shall figure and a dinner can be secured with ordinary wine at from \$1.25 to \$1.50—less than one-third of the single item of duck at the Baltimore dinner.

It may be said by captious critics that the canvasbacks in San Francisco are not so good as the canvasbacks in Baltimore. Error! They are not only just as good, they are the same. All of the canvasbacks in the United States come from the same district, the vast breeding grounds in Alaska. The ducks, flying to the southward, take up their various lines of flight over the lakes of the northwestern states, like Minnesota, thence down to the Chesapeake marshes, or dividing and going to the west of the Rocky mountains, they come to the feeding grounds which line the great marshes at the confluence of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers. The birds come from the same breeding grounds, they get the same food in our Suisun marshes as they do on the Chesapeake—to wit, the wild celery, Apium graveolens. In short, the birds are exactly the same. They differ only in price.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Have You a Pet Superstition?

"I don't believe there is a man living who is without his pet superstition," remarked a secondhand furniture man the other day. "We constantly have people who sell us articles of household use and come in after a few weeks—sometimes only days—and try to buy them back again, with the explanation that they have had 'bad luck' ever since the sale was made and never would have good luck again until the bargain was undone."

"One woman who had sold us her grandmother's clock fairly wept because it was gone before she could buy it in again. This idea is not confined to uneducated or ignorant people by any means."

"At this very time I know a business man of great culture and refinement who is vigorously pursuing an old wooden desk which he owned many years ago—a desk on which he made an enormous amount of money by a few lucky strokes of his pen. The desk passed from hand to hand and out of his possession. He is now earnestly endeavoring to trace it and purchase it, believing that recent business reverses and hard times will flee away, if he can only stretch his legs once more under that same old desk."—Pearson's Weekly.

Her Pathetic Contrast.

It is not in the saying of pungent things or even witty things that children become interesting, and this is why so often the glimpses of children we have given us are so unsatisfactory. It is the utterance of things that have a heart of pathos that makes the talk of little ones so wonderful.

A lady standing between two beds at a children's hospital not long ago upon the occasion of a small feast opened conversation with one of the patients by saying:

"What have you had, dear?"

"The pleurisy, ma'am," came the answer.

"And what has this little girl had?"

"She's had cake, ma'am."

This may be the sort of thing you smile at while your throat tightens, but if you are a woman the heart of love in you is taken captive.—New York Ledger.

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HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

WAS READY TO SHOOT

But His Mother Prevented a Tragedy.

JACK THE PEEPER'S ESCAPE

He Looked Into the Window of a Second Street House, and Was Seen by a Member of the Family Who Has Been Patiently Watching For Him.

The individual who is known throughout the city as Jack the Peeper was very near to death on Saturday night.

The fellow, it seems, has been very active during the past few weeks, and at one house in the lower part of Second street his coming has been anxiously awaited by a strong young man. When the fellow's face appeared at the window about midnight the young man hastily secured his revolver and was about to shoot when his mother came. She caught the weapon, and pleaded with her son to let the man go. The fellow escaped.

The man has been annoying persons in that part of the city for some time, and much indignation is expressed. If any one succeeds in catching him he will not have trouble in inducing a number of his fellow citizens to give the unprincipled chap a dose of tar and feathers.

ARE YOU TO LIVE IN ALASKA?

Some Requirements That Will Be Found Indispensable.

The universal article of diet in that country, depended upon and indispensable, is bread or biscuit. And to make the bread and biscuit, either in the camp or upon the trail, yeast cannot be used—it must be baking powder; and the powder manufactured by the processes of the Royal Baking Powder company, miners and prospectors have learned, is the only one which will stand in that peculiar climate of cold and dampness and raise the bread and biscuit satisfactorily.

These facts are very important for everyone proposing to go to Alaska and the Yukon country to know, for should he be persuaded by some outfitter to take one of the cheap brands of baking powder, it will cost just as much to transport it, and then when he opens it for use, after all his labor in packing it over the long and difficult route, he will find a solid caked mass or a lot of spoiled powder, with no strength and useless. Such a mistake might lead to the most serious results. Alaska is no place in which to experiment in food, or try to economize with your stomach. For use in such a climate, and under the trying and fatiguing conditions of life and labor in that country, everything must be the best and most useful, and above all it is imperative that all food supplies shall have perfect keeping qualities. It is absurd to convey over such difficult and expensive routes an article that will deteriorate in transit, or that will be found when required for use to have lost a great part of its value.

There is no better guide to follow in these matters than the advice of those who have gone through similar experience. Mr. McQuesten, who is called "the father of Alaska," after an experience of years upon the trail, in the camp, and in the use of every kind of supply, says: "We find in Alaska that the importance of a proper kind of baking powder cannot be overestimated. A miner with a can of bad baking powder is almost helpless in Alaska. We have tried all sorts, and have been obliged to settle down to use nothing but the Royal. It is stronger and carries further, but, above all things, it is the only powder that will endure the severe climatic changes of the arctic region."

It is for the same reasons that the United States government in its relief expeditions, and Peary, the famous arctic traveler, have carried the Royal Baking Powder exclusively.

The Royal Baking Powder will not cake nor lose its strength, either on board ship or in damp climates, and is the most highly concentrated and efficient of leavening agents. Hence it is indispensable to every Alaskan outfit. It can be had of any of the trading companies in Alaska, but, should the miner procure his supplies before leaving, he should resist every attempt of the outfitter to palm off upon him any of the other brands of baking powder, for they will spoil and prove the cause of great disappointment and trouble.

Shipped Two Horses.

Harrison Rinehart yesterday afternoon shipped two fine horses to Pittsburg. They went on the Ben Hur.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

SHE WOULD FIGHT SPAIN.

Helen Yorke, a Chorus Girl, Wants to Become a Vivandiere.

The enthusiasm nightly manifested at the Fifth Avenue theater in New York when at the finale of the second act of "El Capitan" Sousa's stirring march, "The Stars and Stripes Forever," is introduced has spread to the other side of the footlights. De Wolf Hopper and his associates reflect the patriotic fervor of the spectators, none of them in a greater degree than Helen Yorke.

This is the name of the little blond beauty who a few nights ago as she proudly bore the national emblem broke into pitiful sobs, drowned in the outburst of shouts and applause with which the audience greeted their country's flag. These demonstrations, signifying a heartfelt sympathy for the men of the Maine, awoke a responsive chord in the heart of the chorus girl, who is mourning the death of a member of the ill fated crew.

Miss Yorke is now fully determined to devote her services as a vivandiere to the army of the nation should war be declared with Spain. The force of her appeal has secured from several of her comrades a promise to accompany her in the campaign.

"Yes, indeed, I want to fight Spain," said Miss Yorke last night. "I have definitely decided to go to the front as a vivandiere. You may think me a crank or a patriotic fanatic, but one of the brave boys who went to his death that awful night was very dear to me."

—New York World.

CREW OF THE MAINE.

Over Forty Per Cent of the Men on Board Were Foreigners.

Major William Hancock Clement, a well known lawyer of Dover, Del., at the Regent hotel in Washington, said the other night: "The publication of the names of the crew of the Maine has disclosed the nationality by birth of every man on the boat. It shows that over 40 per cent of the men on board this vessel were foreigners, there being 174 American born and 117 foreigners. The latter represent Ireland, Scotland, England, other British possessions, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Japan, Germany, Malta, Finland, France, Belgium, Greece and Roumania. Of the Americans 180 are from the northern and 44 from the southern states.

"This is exclusive of the officers, one-half of whom were southerners. In my state there has been considerable agitation regarding the advisability of enlisting Americans only for American ships. It has been and is now the practice to enlist men anywhere they may be needed. Secretary Herbert, while in office, urged that enlistment be confined to Americans, and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt is a persistent advocate of Americanizing the personnel of the navy."—Washington Post.

FLEISCHMANN MAUSOLEUM.

To Be One of the Most Beautiful Mortuary Monuments in America.

In the Fleischmann mausoleum, which is to be shortly erected in Spring Grove cemetery, it is believed Cincinnati will acquire one of the most beautiful mortuary monuments in America, as well as a very exquisite specimen of Greek architectural art. The design that has been accepted in its leading features is a reproduction of the Greek temple form. It will stand in the center of the Fleischmann plot in Spring Grove cemetery.

The light gray granite of the Barre (Vt.) quarries will be the material for the mausoleum. Lines of Doric columns will surround the structure. Throughout the full effect of the simple and impressive Greek art will be brought out. The interior is to include 26 receptacles in the rock for burial caskets. The estimated cost of the mausoleum is about \$50,000. It will not be completed before next fall.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

TAKING EARLY PRECAUTIONS

Articles of Value Are Being Removed From "Cottages" on the Atlantic Coast.

The millionaire owners of the cliff castles at Newport are taking early precaution to save their most valuable personal property from the possibility of destruction by hostile guns.

Telegraphic orders have come to servants during the past 24 hours for the removal of the pictures, silverware, etc. The deep sea off the south shore is unguarded, and the marble palace of the Vanderbilts, the princely home of the Goellets, the palatial cliff "boxes" of the Lorillards would only serve as targets for the long range guns on war vessels passing along the coast. There are from \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000 invested in houses alone on the Newport cliffs all visible a long distance at sea. Belmont, Wetmore, Van Alen, Vanderbilt, Lorillard, Havemeyer, Whitney, Payne, Bennett, Brice, Palmer and Drexel are among the moneyed men.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Trouble Remains.

Captain Sigbee's apothegm, "It is better to know than to think," is likely to become a permanent saying. Yet the trouble will remain that there are so many people who think they know, but really do not know enough to think.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

See! See! See!!! What? F. W. B. See! See! See!!! What?

The Clifford Piano

HEROES OF IRELAND.

GREAT COMMEMORATION GATHERING IS SOON TO MEET.

Recalls Wars of 1798—American Visitors to Ireland Will Use an Entire Fleet. Receptions Are Planned—United Societies' Hand in the Celebration.

Preparations for the centennial celebration of the Irish insurrection of 1798 are assuming proportions that bid fair to make the event one of the historical landmarks of the present century. From all parts of the earth the loyal Irish will make return pilgrimages to their native sod, where memorial festivities in honor of the patriots of 1798 will be continued throughout the entire summer. Nor will the celebration be confined to Ireland. In every country and every city where Hibernians are congregated plans are being laid to make the affair as great as numbers and resources will allow. In Chicago the celebration is in the hands of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the United Irish societies. The former body, benevolent and patriotic, has about 40 divisions in this city, enrolling a total of some 7,500 men. The United



BOURKE COCKRAN.

Irish societies is a union of the Hibernian literary and social clubs about the city. A hundred or more clubs are included, with Mr. John T. Keating as president. Both these big concerns, with all their component factors, have united in an effort to make Chicago's celebration of the centennial of 1798 as imposing and memorable an occasion as their combined numbers and resources can provide.

The great pilgrimage from American shores will make its start from New York. The Ninety-eight Centennial association is arranging for the charter of an entire fleet of the fastest steamships that cross the Atlantic. Nearly 5,000 people already have signified their intention of going in this party. While the celebration in Ireland may be protracted through the entire summer, the most important exercises will be held during the visit of the American contingent. Bourke Cockran has been selected as chief orator of the celebration. It is expected that his memorial address, now in preparation, will surpass any previous rhetorical effort of his life and become a permanent and worthy addition to Irish literature.

The excursion is well organized. The officers of the association will sail on a special vessel, which will act as a flagship to the fleet. It will leave New York on the Fourth of July. Arrangements have been made providing the round trip, first class, railroad and carriage fares and hotel accommodations for nine days in Ireland all for \$160. Tickets will be good for one year after date of departure from New York. Payment may be made in four installments before March 31 next.

A most elaborate reception is to be given the visitors from America upon their arrival at Queenstown. Indeed such is the sentiment which residents of Ireland feel for their brethren in America that the visitors from this country may expect to find themselves during their entire visit in the position of their nation's guests of honor. The mayor of Cork, working with a committee, has completed arrangements which make the reception in that city an assured success. In Dublin it is proposed to lay the foundation stone of a great national memorial to the heroes of 1798. The exercises will consist in large part of visits to the historic battlefields.

The presence of a vast body of American-Irish at these ceremonies is looked to as a stimulus to the national feeling among the Irish people. It was the success of the American Revolution that inspired the Irish insurrection. It is to America that Ireland looks for her example of progress and freedom. During the actual celebration, at least, Irish factional feelings will be laid aside, replaced by a strong sentiment of national

unity. It is the lack of unity that has acted as a barrier to the progress of Irish gain in political rights; it is the hope of some of the leaders that the brotherly feeling inspired by the coming revival of patriotism will prove lasting and that the allegiance of non-resident Hibernians may be freshly excited and strengthened.

However, a part of the plan for the exercises is to carefully omit any and all discussion or mention of matters of contemporary politics. Unification, nothing more, is the present purpose. What the whole movement may bring to unhappy Ireland it would require a prophet to predict.

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REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

The Republican voters of Liverpool township and East Liverpool city are hereby notified that a primary election, to choose candidates for election April 4, 1898, will be held Saturday, March 19, 1898,

between the hours of 1 and 7 p. m., city time.

The following candidates are to be chosen:

- One Mayor.
- One Solicitor.
- One Marshal.
- One Treasurer.
- One City Commissioner.
- One Water Works Trustee.
- One Cemetery Trustee.
- One member of Council from each ward.
- One Assessor from each ward and township.
- One Justice of the Peace.
- One Township Trustee.
- One Township Clerk.
- One Constable.
- One member of School Board from each ward.

Names of candidates are to be handed the clerk of the Central Committee on or before 8 p. m., of March 10.

The polls will be at the usual places as near as possible.

By order of Committee.

D. F. NELLIS, Chairman.

JAS. N. HANLEY, Secretary.

THE Union Building Loan and Trust Co.,

OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Incorporated under the laws of Ohio under state inspection.

Authorized Capital, \$300,000.

SHARES \$100 EACH.

For Borrowers and Investors.

LOANS MADE FROM \$100 UP.

J. M. Kelly, president; Geo. W. Burford, vice president; S. T. Herbert, secretary; N. G. Macrum, treasurer; G. Y. Travis, attorney.

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Temporary Office: Grand Opera House Block, Office of Herbert & Travis.

Dr. J. N. VODREY

DENTIST,

Room 4, Porter Building,

DIAMOND.

DYSPEPSIA,

Heartburn, Gastritis, and all Stomach Disorders positively cured. Grover Graham's Dyspepsia Remedy is a specific. One dose removes all distress, and a permanent cure of the most chronic and severe cases is guaranteed. Do not suffer! A 50 cent bottle will convince the most skeptical.

BAIRD & SON, Druggists East End.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	3:35 AM	3:35 PM	3:35 PM	3:35 PM
Pittsburgh	4:45	11:30	4:30	11:00
Rochester	6:40	2:15	6:25	11:00
Beaver	6:45	2:20	6:30	11:05
Vanport	6:50	2:25	6:35	11:10
Industry	7:00	2:35	6:45	11:20
Cooks Ferry	7:05	2:40	6:50	11:25
Smiths Ferry	7:10	2:45	6:55	11:30
East Liverpool	7:15	2:50	7:00	11:35
Wellsville	7:20	2:55	7:05	11:40
Wellsville	7:25	3:00	7:10	11:45
Wellsville	7:30	3:05	7:15	11:50
Wellsville Shop	7:35	3:10	7:20	11:55
Yellow Creek	7:40	3:15	7:25	12:00
Hammondsville	7:45	3:20	7:30	12:05
Ironton	7:50	3:25	7:35	12:10
Salineville	7:55	3:30	7:40	12:15
Bayard	8:00	3:35	7:45	12:20
Alliance	8:05	3:40	7:50	12:25
Ravenna	8:10	3:45	7:55	12:30
Hudson	8:15	3:50	8:00	12:35
Cleveland	8:20	3:55	8:05	12:40
Wellsville	7:45	3:10	6:55	11:05
Wellsville Shop	7:50	3:15	7:00	11:10
Yellow Creek	7:55	3:20	7:05	11:15
Port Homer	8:00	3:25	7:10	11:20
Empire	8:05	3:30	7:15	11:25
Elliottsville	8:10	3:35	7:20	11:30
Toronto	8:15	3:40	7:25	11:35
Costonia	8:20	3:45	7:30	11:40
Stuebenville	8:25	3:50	7:35	11:45
Mingo Je	8:30	3:55	7:40	11:50
Brilliant	8:35	4:00	7:45	11:55
Rush Run	8:40	4:05	7:50	12:00
Portland	8:45	4:10	7:55	12:05
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Empire	9:25	4:50	8:35	12:45
Port Homer	9:30	4:55	8:40	12:50
Yellow Creek	9:35	5:00	8:45	12:55
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Ironton	10:10	5:35	9:20	13:30
Salineville	10:15	5:40	9:25	13:35
Bayard	10:20	5:45	9:30	13:40
Alliance	10:25	5:50	9:35	13:45
Ravenna	10:30	5:55	9:40	13:50
Hudson	10:35	6:00	9:45	13:55
Cleveland	10:40	6:05	9:50	14:00
Wellsville	6:45	11:00	6:51	13:30
East Liverpool	6:51	11:06	7:00	13:40
Smiths Ferry	6:57	11:12	7:08	13:50
Cooks Ferry	7:03	11:18	7:16	14:00
Industry	7:09	11:24	7:22	14:10
Vanport	7:15	11:30	7:28	14:20
Beaver	7:21	11:36	7:34	14:30
Rochester	7:27	11:42	7:40	14:40
Pittsburgh	7:33	11:48	7:46	14:50

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 337

and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 338 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, General Passenger Agent, 11-28-97, H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.

THE NEWS REVIEW

Hill's Real Estate List.

Will sell you for \$150 a lot on north end West market street. \$200 a lot in Stewart's addition. \$300 a lot at head of Lincoln avenue. \$400 a lot on Bradshaw avenue. \$475 a lot in May street. \$700 a lot in Avondale street. \$800 a lot with 4 room house. Thompson's hill. \$1000 a lot with 6 room house. Avondale street. \$1500 a lot with 6 room house. Ridgeway avenue. \$1600 a lot with 5 room house. Bradshaw av. More than a hundred other properties in all parts of the city ranging from \$500 to \$7000. Call and see us about them. Terms to suit the purchaser. ELIJAH W. HILL, J. F. Real Estate and Fire Insurance, Cor. Washington and Broadway.

Dr. Geo. D. Arnum,

Surgeon Dentist.

Specialties: Symplicite Bldg., 6th and Bridge Work, Sixth St., and Preservation of the Natural Teeth.

WAS READY TO SHOOT

But His Mother Prevented a Tragedy.

JACK THE PEEPER'S ESCAPE

He Looked Into the Window of a Second Street House, and Was Seen by a Member of the Family Who Has Been Patiently Watching For Him.

The individual who is known throughout the city as Jack the Peep was very near to death on Saturday night. The fellow, it seems, has been very active during the past few weeks, and at one house in the lower part of Second street his coming has been anxiously awaited by a strong young man. When the fellow's face appeared at the window about midnight the young man hastily secured his revolver and was about to shoot when his mother came. She caught the weapon, and pleaded with her son to let the man go. The fellow escaped.

The man has been annoying persons in that part of the city for some time, and much indignation is expressed. If anyone succeeds in catching him he will not have trouble in inducing a number of his fellow citizens to give the unprincipled chap a dose of tar and feathers.

ARE YOU TO LIVE IN ALASKA?

Some Requirements That Will Be Found Indispensable.

The universal article of diet in that country, depended upon and indispensable, is bread or biscuit. And to make the bread and biscuit, either in the camp or upon the trail, yeast cannot be used—it must be baking powder; and the powder manufactured by the processes of the Royal Baking Powder company, miners and prospectors have learned, is the only one which will stand in that peculiar climate of cold and dampness and raise the bread and biscuit satisfactorily.

These facts are very important for everyone proposing to go to Alaska and the Yukon country to know, for should he be persuaded by some outfitter to take one of the cheap brands of baking powder, it will cost just as much to transport it, and then when he opens it for use, after all his labor in packing it over the long and difficult route, he will find a solid caked mass or a lot of spoiled powder, with no strength and useless. Such a mistake might lead to the most serious results. Alaska is no place in which to experiment in food, or try to economize with your stomach. For use in such a climate, and under the trying and fatiguing conditions of life and labor in that country, everything must be the best and most useful, and above all it is imperative that all food supplies shall have perfect keeping qualities. It is absurd to convey over such difficult and expensive routes an article that will deteriorate in transit, or that will be found when required for use to have lost a great part of its value.

There is no better guide to follow in these matters than the advice of those who have gone through similar experience. Mr. McQuesten, who is called "the father of Alaska," after an experience of years upon the trail, in the camp, and in the use of every kind of supply, says: "We find in Alaska that the importance of a proper kind of baking powder cannot be overestimated. A miner with a can of bad baking powder is almost helpless in Alaska. We have tried all sorts, and have been obliged to settle down to use nothing but the Royal. It is stronger and carries further, but, above all things, it is the only powder that will endure the severe climatic changes of the arctic region."

It is for the same reasons that the United States government in its relief expeditions, and Peary, the famous arctic traveler, have carried the Royal Baking Powder exclusively.

The Royal Baking Powder will not cake nor lose its strength, either on board ship or in damp climates, and is the most highly concentrated and efficient of leavening agents. Hence it is indispensable to every Alaskan outfit. It can be had of any of the trading companies in Alaska, but, should the miner procure his supplies before leaving, he should resist every attempt of the outfitter to palm off upon him any of the other brands of baking powder, for they will spoil and prove the cause of great disappointment and trouble.

Shipped Two Horses.

Harrison Rinehart yesterday afternoon shipped two fine horses to Pittsburgh. They went on the Ben Hur.

Read Dr. Reager's denunciation of the "American Saloon."

SHE WOULD FIGHT SPAIN.

Helen Yorke, a Chorus Girl, Wants to Become a Vivandiere.

The enthusiasm nightly manifested at the Fifth Avenue theater in New York when at the finale of the second act of "El Capitan" Sousa's stirring march, "The Stars and Stripes Forever," is introduced has spread to the other side of the footlights. De Wolf Hopper and his associates reflect the patriotic fervor of the spectators, none of them in a greater degree than Helen Yorke.

This is the name of the little blond beauty who a few nights ago as she proudly bore the national emblem broke into pitiful sobs, drowned in the outburst of shouts and applause with which the audience greeted their country's flag. These demonstrations, signifying a heartfelt sympathy for the men of the Maine, awoke a responsive chord in the heart of the chorus girl, who is mourning the death of a member of the ill fated crew.

Miss Yorke is now fully determined to devote her services as a vivandiere to the army of the nation should war be declared with Spain. The force of her appeal has secured from several of her comrades a promise to accompany her in the campaign.

"Yes, indeed, I want to fight Spain," said Miss Yorke last night. "I have definitely decided to go to the front as a vivandiere. You may think me a crank or a patriotic fanatic, but one of the brave boys who went to his death that awful night was very dear to me."

—New York World.

CREW OF THE MAINE.

Over Forty Per Cent of the Men on Board Were Foreigners.

Major William Hancock Clement, a well known lawyer of Dover, Del., at the Regent hotel in Washington, said the other night: "The publication of the names of the crew of the Maine has disclosed the nationality by birth of every man on the boat. It shows that over 40 per cent of the men on board this vessel were foreigners, there being 174 American born and 117 foreigners. The latter represent Ireland, Scotland, England, other British possessions, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Japan, Germany, Malta, Finland, France, Belgium, Greece and Roumania. Of the Americans 130 are from the northern and 44 from the southern states.

"This is exclusive of the officers, one-half of whom were southerners. In my state there has been considerable agitation regarding the advisability of enlisting Americans only for American ships. It has been and is now the practice to enlist men anywhere they may be needed. Secretary Herbert, while in office, urged that enlistment be confined to Americans, and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt is a persistent advocate of Americanizing the personnel of the navy."

—Washington Post.

FLEISCHMANN MAUSOLEUM.

To Be One of the Most Beautiful Mortuary Monuments in America.

In the Fleischmann mausoleum, which is to be shortly erected in Spring Grove cemetery, it is believed Cincinnati will acquire one of the most beautiful mortuary monuments in America, as well as a very exquisite specimen of Greek architectural art. The design that has been accepted in its leading features is a reproduction of the Greek temple form. It will stand in the center of the Fleischmann plot in Spring Grove cemetery.

The light gray granite of the Barre (Vt.) quarries will be the material for the mausoleum. Lines of Doric columns will surround the structure. Throughout the full effect of the simple and impressive Greek art will be brought out. The interior is to include 26 receptacles in the rock for burial caskets. The estimated cost of the mausoleum is about \$50,000. It will not be completed before next fall.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

TAKING EARLY PRECAUTIONS

Articles of Value Are Being Removed From "Cottages" on the Atlantic Coast.

The millionaire owners of the cliff castles at Newport are taking early precaution to save their most valuable personal property from the possibility of destruction by hostile guns.

Telegraphic orders have come to servants during the past 24 hours for the removal of the pictures, silverware, etc. The deep sea off the south shore is unguarded, and the marble palace of the Vanderbilts, the princely home of the Goellets, the palatial cliff "boxes" of the Lorillards would only serve as targets for the long range guns on war vessels passing along the coast. There are from \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000 invested in houses alone on the Newport cliffs all visible a long distance at sea. Belmont, Westmore, Van Alen, Vanderbilt, Lorillard, Havemeyer, Whitney, Payne, Bennett, Brice, Palmer and Drexler are among the moneyed men.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Trouble Remains.

Captain Sigsbee's apothegm, "It is better to know than to think," is likely to become a permanent saying. Yet the trouble will remain that there are so many people who think they know, but really do not know enough to think.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

See! See! See!!! What?

F. W. B.

See! See! See!!! What?

The Clifford Piano

HEROES OF IRELAND.

GREAT COMMEMORATION GATHERING IS SOON TO MEET.

Recalls Wars of 1798—American Visitors to Ireland Will Use an Entire Fleet. Receptions Are Planned—United Societies' Band in the Celebration.

Preparations for the centennial celebration of the Irish insurrection of 1798 are assuming proportions that bid fair to make the event one of the historical landmarks of the present century. From all parts of the earth the loyal Irish will make return pilgrimages to their native sod, where memorial festivities in honor of the patriots of 1798 will be continued throughout the entire summer. Nor will the celebration be confined to Ireland. In every country and every city where Hibernians are congregated plans are being laid to make the affair as great as numbers and resources will allow. In Chicago the celebration is in the hands of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the United Irish societies. The former body, benevolent and patriotic, has about 40 divisions in this city, enrolling a total of some 7,500 men. The United



BOURKE COCKRAN.

Irish societies is a union of the Hibernian literary and social clubs about the city. A hundred or more clubs are included, with Mr. John T. Keating as president. Both these big concerns, with all their component factors, have united in an effort to make Chicago's celebration of the centennial of 1798 as imposing and memorable an occasion as their combined numbers and resources can provide.

The great pilgrimage from American shores will make its start from New York. The Ninety-eight Centennial association is arranging for the charter of an entire fleet of the fastest steamships that cross the Atlantic. Nearly 5,000 people already have signified their intention of going in this party. While the celebration in Ireland may be protracted through the entire summer, the most important exercises will be held during the visit of the American contingent. Bourke Cockran has been selected as chief orator of the celebration. It is expected that his memorial address, now in preparation, will surpass any previous rhetorical effort of his life and become a permanent and worthy addition to Irish literature.

The excursion is well organized. The officers of the association will sail on a special vessel, which will act as a flagship to the fleet. It will leave New York on the Fourth of July. Arrangements have been made providing the round trip, first class, railroad and carriage fares and hotel accommodations for nine days in Ireland all for \$160. Tickets will be good for one year after date of departure from New York. Payment may be made in four installments before March 31 next.

A most elaborate reception is to be given the visitors from America upon their arrival at Queenstown. Indeed such is the sentiment which residents of Ireland feel for their brethren in America that the visitors from this country may expect to find themselves during their entire visit in the position of their nation's guests of honor. The mayor of Cork, working with a committee, has completed arrangements which make the reception in that city an assured success. In Dublin it is proposed to lay the foundation stone of a great national memorial to the heroes of 1798. The exercises will consist in large part of visits to the historic battlefields.

The presence of a vast body of American-Irish at these ceremonies is looked to as a stimulus to the national feeling among the Irish people. It was the success of the American Revolution that inspired the Irish insurrection. It is to America that Ireland looks for her example of progress and freedom. During the actual celebration, at least, Irish factional feelings will be laid aside, replaced by a strong sentiment of national

unity. It is the lack of unity that has acted as a barrier to the progress of Irish gain in political rights; it is the hope of some of the leaders that the brotherly feeling inspired by the coming revival of patriotism will prove lasting and that the allegiance of non-resident Hibernians may be freshly excited and strengthened.

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One Treasurer.
One City Commissioner.
One Water Works Trustee.
One Cemetery Trustee.
One member of Council from each ward.
One Assessor from each ward and township.
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One Township Trustee.
One Township Clerk.
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Pittsburgh	iv	15:45	11:30	14:30	11:00	17:30
Rochester	"	6:40	2:15	5:25	11:50	6:17
Beaver	"	6:45	2:20	5:30	11:55	6:24
Vanport	"	6:50	"	5:35	11:59	6:29
Industry	"	7:00	"	5:40	12:10	6:41
Cooks Ferry	"	7:03	"	5:43	12:13	6:44
Smiths Ferry	"	7:11	2:40	6:04	12:20	6:54
East Liverpool	"	7:20	2:49	6:14	12:30	7:05
Wellsville	ar	7:33	3:00	6:28	12:42	7:18
Wellsville	iv	7:42	3:05	"	12:45	"
Wellsville Shop	"	7:46	"	"	12:50	"
Yellow Creek	"	7:52	"	"	12:55	"
Hammondsville	"	8:00	"	"	1:03	"
Ironton	"	8:04	3:22	"	1:06	"
Sallenville	"	8:19	3:38	"	1:27	"
Bayard	"	8:37	4:10	"	2:05	"
Alliance	ar	9:30	4:33	"	2:30	"
Ravenna	iv	10:05	4:58	"	2:35	"
Hudson	"	10:40	5:25	"	3:10	"
Cleveland	ar	12:10	6:25	"	4:30	"
Wellsville	iv	7:47	3:10	6:55	15:55	11:05
Wellsville Shop	"	7:52	3:13	6:58	15:59	11:10
Yellow Creek	"	7:57	3:18	7:04	16:05	11:15
Port Homer	"	8:03	3:23	7:09	16:09	"
Empire	"	8:10	3:28	7:14	16:17	11:21
Elliottsville	"	8:21	3:33	7:23	16:21	11:25
Toronto	"	8:21	3:33	7:23	16:30	11:28
Costonia	"	8:28	3:43	7:30	16:37	"
Steubenville	ar	8:44	4:00	7:45	16:51	11:45
Steubenville	iv	8:44	4:00	7:45	16:51	11:45
Jingo Joe	"	8:51	4:10	7:53	17:01	11:53
Brilliant	"	8:58	4:20	8:00	17:14	12:01
Rush Run	"	9:07	4:32	8:09	17:24	12:10
Portland	"	9:14	4:39	8:15	17:30	12:16
Martins Ferry	"	9:19	4:46	8:20	17:37	12:21
Martins Ferry	"	9:22	5:02	8:28	17:52	12:36
Bridgeport	"	9:40	5:10	8:35	17:58	12:43
Wellsville	ar	9:50	5:20	8:45	18:10	12:45

Through Coaches on Trains 335, 339, 337 and 360 between

Cleveland and Wellsville

Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	3:48		
Wellsville	iv	14:45	19:00	"	14:45	11:00	17:30
Bridgeport	"	4:57	9:03	"	4:54	11:10	17:38
Martins Ferry	"	5:01	9:15	"	4:58	11:16	17:42
Yorkville	"	5:10	"	"	5:04	11:22	17:49
Portland	"	5:15	9:28	"	5:09	11:28	17:52
Brilliant	"	5:20	9:41	"	5:14	11:34	17:57
Mingo Je	"	5:35	9:48	"	5:34	11:42	18:05
Steubenville	iv	5:44	9:56	"	5:40	11:50	18:13
Costonia	"	5:44	9:56	"	5:50	11:58	18:20
Toronto	"	6:07	10:19	"	6:11	12:19	18:40
Elliottsville	"	6:11	10:20	"	6:11	12:19	18:40
Empire	"	6:13	10:30	"	6:21	12:27	18:47
Port Homer	"	6:20	10:33	"	6:28	12:30	18:50
Yellow Creek	"	6:25	10:40	"	6:33	12:37	18:57
Wellsville Shop	"	6:31	10:45	"	6:38	12:43	19:03
Wellsville	ar	6:35	10:50	"	6:41	12:45	19:05
Wellsville	iv	7:42	"	"	3:05	"	"
Wellsville Shop	"	7:46	"	"	"	"	"
Yellow Creek	"	7:52	"	"	"	"	"
Hammondsville	"	8:00	"	"	"	"	"
Irontdale	"	8:04	"	"	"	"	"
Sallenville	"	8:19	"	"	"	"	"
Bayard	"	8:37	"	"	"	"	"
Alliance	ar	9:30	"	"	"	"	"
Ravenna	iv	10:05	"	"	"	"	"
Hudson	"	10:40	"	"	"	"	"
Cleveland	ar	12:10	"	"	"	"	"
Wellsville	iv	6:45	11:00	"	6:51	12:10	18:30
East Liverpool	"	6:51	11:10	"	7:00	12:20	18:40
Smiths Ferry	"	7:07	11:20	"	7:08	12:30	18:42
Cooks Ferry	"	7:20	11:26	"	7:22	12:38	18:46
Industry	"	7:25	11:31	"	7:25	12:42	18:50
Vanport	"	7:34	11:40	"	7:36	12:50	18:58
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L. F. LOREE, General Manager.
E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.
11-28-97. H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

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THE NEWS REVIEW

Hill's Real Estate List.
Will sell you for \$150 a lot on north end West market street. \$200 a lot in Stewart's addition. \$300 a lot at head of Lincoln avenue. \$400 a lot on Bradshaw avenue. \$475 a lot in May street. \$700 a lot in Avondale street. \$800 a lot with 4 room house. Thompson's hill. \$1000 a lot with 5 room house. Avondale street. \$1500 a lot with 6 room house, Kidgway avenue. \$1600 a lot with 5 room house, Bradshaw av. More than a hundred other properties in all parts of the city ranging from \$500 to \$7000. Call and see us about them. Terms to suit the purchaser. **ELIJAH W. HILL, J. F.**, Real Estate and Fire Insurance, Cor. Washington and Broadway.

Dr. Geo. D. Arnum,
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Specialties: Symplicite Bldg.,
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(Second term.)

FRANK E. GROSSHANS.

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FOR CONSTABLE

JACOB G. SCHENKLE.

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S. T. HERBERT.

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JOHN MINTO.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, Saturday, March 19, 1898. Your vote and influence solicited.

Money to Loan

IN ANY SUM FROM

\$100 TO \$10,000,

on easy payment and low rate of interest. Full particulars at the

POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY
Corner Fifth and Washington Streets.

Job Work

neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed.



Bring the Little Ones Here

if you have any reason to suspect that their sight isn't just right. A scientific examination will show exactly what is wrong and what is needed, and it doesn't cost anything. We use the very latest and most perfect instruments, and we take the utmost pains to fit eyes with exactness and accuracy.

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The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

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B. C. SIMMS. JNO. C. THOMPSON.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

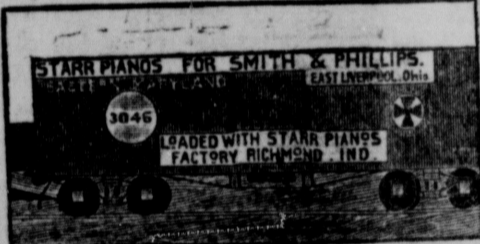
General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

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CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK,

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Capital Stock, \$100,000

Discount Days, Monday, Wednesday & Friday.

BUSINESS AND PERSONAL ACCOUNTS
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Bank open: Daily from 9 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m. Saturdays open from 8 to 10 p. m.

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Third Street.

First-Class

Work, First-

Class Materi-

als; Prices

Very Reason-

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Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries. Your vote and influence solicited.

FOR TOWNSHIP CLERK.

JOHN R. REARK.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries. Your vote and influence solicited.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

J. N. ROSE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries. Your vote and influence solicited.

FOR MAYOR

A. V. GILBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

DANIEL L. McLANE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries. Your vote and influence solicited.

FOR CITY SOLICITOR.

(Second term.)

FRANK E. GROSSHANS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries, March 19.

FOR CONSTABLE

JACOB G. SCHENKLE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries, March 19, 1898.

FOR CITY TREASURER.

S. T. HERBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, March 19, 1898.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.

Wm. M. McClure.

(Better known as "Mitch")

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, March 19, 1898.

FOR CITY SOLICITOR.

M. J. M'GARRY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries, March 19, 1898.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.

ALEX BRYAN.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, March 19, 1898. Your vote and influence solicited.

FOR ASSESSOR, FIRST WARD.

L. W. CARMAN.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries March 19, 1898.

FOR MARSHAL.

A. J. JOHNSON.

[SECOND TERM.]

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, March 19, 1898.

FOR ASSESSOR—First ward.

WILLIAM NIBLOCK.

[SECOND TERM.]

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, March 19, 1898.

FOR COUNCIL—Fourth ward.

G. W. ASHBAUGH.

[SECOND TERM.]

Subject to decision of the Republican primaries, March 19, 1898.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.

JOHN MINTO.

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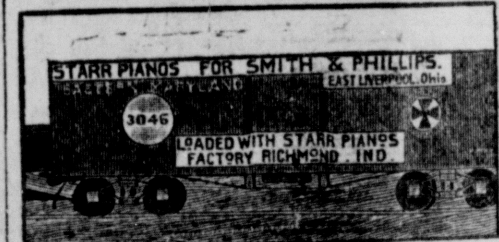
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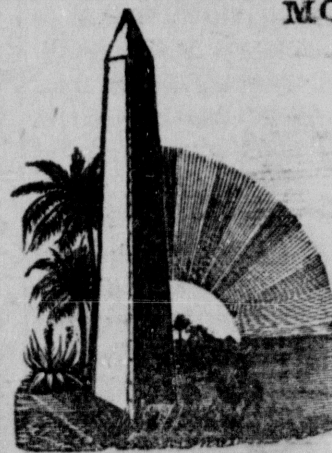
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